

# SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES CHAPTER 1







Shell Eco-marathon

## SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

# FOREWORD

Dear Shell Eco-marathon Participants,



2021 was another challenging year for everyone on a global scale, and at Shell Eco-marathon, this was no exception. With the cancellation of live events in 2020 and 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we faced one of the biggest challenges in our 35-year history. And yet together we drew on our collective spirit of collaboration, innovation, and empathy to face this challenge together and successfully transitioned to a virtual programme resulting in some inspirational stories and great achievements over several odds. We were proud to provide a platform for everyone to stay connected to Shell Eco-marathon, with the chance to grow and

learn despite not being able to get on-track.

Looking ahead, Shell Eco-marathon in 2022 is set to be a season like no other with two significant components – where virtual ideas meet physical competitions to create real-world impact! We're planning to reintroduce our track events where it is safe to do so; combined with our now established virtual programme, which will include some exciting new challenges, see the return of digital learning sessions with industry experts and so much more, meaning this season promises to offer you more opportunities to test your STEM skills than ever before!

The heritage of Shell Eco-marathon is that it is first and foremost a track event, and we know that there's nothing quite like designing and building your own ultra-energy-efficient car and then putting it to the test on-track against your fellow competitors from all over the world. In the new season we'd like to enable that feeling again with the return of physical competitions and we're thrilled to have a platform to come together, test vehicles and celebrate.

These mini events will be smaller and more accessible; and planned to take place at dedicated racetracks across each region. The events are open to any registered student team from the relevant region, new or experienced with prizes available for each energy and vehicle category, as well as selected Off-Track Award categories; including Vehicle Design, Technical Innovation supported by Southwest Research Institute and Safety supported by DuPont.

After a successful introduction in 2021, the Virtual League returns in 2022 with even more opportunities for teams to compete against international peers and win exciting prizes! This global league is designed to recognise and reward your efforts, performance and achievements throughout the year. Teams will have the chance to earn points for each of the league component competitions. The winner of the 2022 Shell Eco-marathon Global Virtual League will be the team with the highest number of points at the end of the season.

For more information on the 2022 on-track and virtual season, the mini event locations and the individual virtual challenges be sure to visit our website – www.makethefuture.shell.

Please note that to participate in the virtual or physical competitions, teams must register for the 2022 Shell Eco-marathon season by November 10, 2021 so I encourage you to register as soon as possible!

With more exciting new ways to compete in 2022, we aim for Shell Eco-marathon to continue being a platform that inspires and challenges, with the chance to collaborate and learn throughout the new season and connects to our purpose of creating a more sustainable and lower carbon future for all.

#### 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

In closing, I want to wish all of you every success in the new season. I hope you and yours are safe, happy and well, but most of all that you see the opportunities ahead of you. The future of Shell Eco-marathon is here, and I am looking forward to the journey ahead and excited to see how you tackle this enhanced new programme and watch as it develops in the years to come!

Kind regards,

#### Bin Zheng

Shell Eco-marathon Global Technical Director

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

| 1.         | ORGANIS     | ATION   | 7  |
|------------|-------------|---|----|
|            | ARTICLE O:  | ABOUT THE RULES   | 7  |
|            | ARTICLE 1:  | ACCEPTANCE & CONSENT                                      | 8  |
|            | ARTICLE 2:  | Entries   | 9  |
|            | ARTICLE 3:  | TRACK ACCESS CONDITIONS                                   | 10 |
|            | ARTICLE 4:  | IDENTIFICATION  | 10 |
|            | ARTICLE 5:  | COMPLIANCE  | 10 |
|            | ARTICLE 6:  | PROTESTS  | 11 |
|            | ARTICLE 7:  | DISPUTES  | 11 |
|            | ARTICLE 8:  | PENALTIES   | 11 |
| 2.         | SAFETY      |   | 12 |
|            | ARTICLE 9:  | SAFETY RULES  | 12 |
| <b>2</b> A | – DRIVING I | RULES   | 12 |
|            | ARTICLE 10: | DRIVING KNOWLEDGE AND TEST                                | 12 |
|            | ARTICLE 11: | DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL/ILLEGAL SUBSTANCES | 13 |
|            | ARTICLE 12: | BRIEFING  | 13 |
|            | ARTICLE 13: | ACCESS TO THE TRACK                                       | 13 |
|            | ARTICLE 14: | PUSHING THE VEHICLE                                       | 13 |
|            | ARTICLE 15: | RACE DIRECTION  | 13 |
|            | ARTICLE 16: | RADIO COMMUNICATION                                       | 13 |
|            | ARTICLE 17: | OVERTAKING  |    |
|            | ARTICLE 18: | BREAKDOWNS AND OTHER INCIDENTS                            |    |
|            | ARTICLE 19: | OFF-TRACK VEHICLE MOVEMENTS                               | 14 |
| <b>2B</b>  |             | ND EQUIPMENT  |    |
|            | ARTICLE 20: | DRIVER WEIGHT   |    |
|            |             | HELMETS   |    |
|            |             | DRIVER CLOTHING   |    |
|            |             | DRIVER COMFORT  |    |
| <b>2C</b>  |             | SAFETY  |    |
|            |             | EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS                                   |    |
| <b>2D</b>  | - ATTENTIO  | Ν   | 16 |
| 3.         | VEHICLE D   | ESIGN   | 17 |
| <b>3A</b>  | - GENERAL   | 7   |    |
|            | ARTICLE 25: | VEHICLE DESIGN  | 17 |

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

|            | ARTICLE 26: | CHASSIS/MONOCOQUE SOLIDITY                     | 17 |
|------------|-------------|--|----|
|            | ARTICLE 27: | PROPULSION AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM ISOLATION | 17 |
|            | ARTICLE 28: | VISIBILITY                                     | 18 |
|            | ARTICLE 29: | SAFETY BELTS                                   | 18 |
|            | ARTICLE 30: | VEHICLE ACCESS                                 | 18 |
|            | ARTICLE 31: | HORN   |    |
|            | ARTICLE 32: | NOT USED                                       | 19 |
|            | ARTICLE 33: | DRIVER POSITION                                |    |
|            | ARTICLE 34: | Clutch and transmission                        |    |
|            | ARTICLE 35: | EXHAUST SYSTEM                                 |    |
|            | ARTICLE 36: | environmental considerations                   |    |
|            | ARTICLE 37: | EMERGENCY SHUT-DOWN                            | 19 |
|            | ARTICLE 38: | ADDITIONAL INSPECTIONS                         | 20 |
| 3B         | - PROTOTYF  | PE CLASS                                       | 21 |
|            | ARTICLE 39: | DIMENSIONS                                     | 21 |
|            | ARTICLE 40: | NOT USED                                       | 21 |
|            | ARTICLE 41: | TYRES, WHEELS, AXLES AND WHEEL HUBS            | 21 |
|            | ARTICLE 42: | TURNING RADIUS AND STEERING                    | 21 |
|            | ARTICLE 43: | BRAKING  | 22 |
| <b>3C</b>  | – URBAN CC  | DNCEPT CLASS                                   |    |
|            | ARTICLE 44: | DEFINITION                                     | 22 |
|            | ARTICLE 45: | DIMENSIONS                                     | 22 |
|            | ARTICLE 46: | VEHICLE BODY                                   | 23 |
|            | ARTICLE 47: | TURNING RADIUS AND STEERING                    | 24 |
|            | ARTICLE 48: | WHEELS   | 24 |
|            | ARTICLE 49: | TYRES  | 24 |
|            | ARTICLE 50: | LIGHTING                                       | 24 |
|            | ARTICLE 51: | BRAKING  | 25 |
|            | ARTICLE 52: | WET WEATHER RUNNING                            | 25 |
|            |             |  | 04 |
| 4.         |             | OURCES   | 20 |
| <b>4A</b>  | - GENERAL   |  |    |
|            |             | ENERGY TYPES                                   |    |
|            |             | RESULTS CALCULATIONS                           |    |
|            | ARTICLE 55: | FUELS SUPPLY AND HANDLING                      |    |
|            | ARTICLE 56: |  |    |
|            | ARTICLE 57: | VEHICLE ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS                     |    |
|            | ARTICLE 58: | TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION                        |    |
| <b>1</b> D |             | COMBUSTION ENGINES                             | 33 |

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

|           | ARTICLE 59:  | PROPULSION   |    |
|-----------|--------------|--|----|
|           | ARTICLE 60:  | OTHER ON-BOARD ENERGY SOURCES                            |    |
|           | ARTICLE 61:  | FUEL TANKS (ICE VEHICLES)                                |    |
|           | ARTICLE 62:  | FUEL SYSTEM  |    |
|           | ARTICLE 63:  | VEHICLES USING HYBRID TECHNOLOGY                         |    |
|           | ARTICLE 64:  | STARTER  | 35 |
| <b>4C</b> | - ELECTRIC P | ROPULSION  | 36 |
|           | ARTICLE 65:  | FUEL CELL POWERED VEHICLES                               |    |
|           | ARTICLE 66:  | NOT USED   |    |
|           | ARTICLE 67:  | BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLES                                |    |
| 5.        | ON-VEHICI    | E TELEMETRY EQUIPMENT                                    | 41 |
|           | ARTICLE 68:  | GENERAL  | 41 |
|           | ARTICLE 69:  | ONBOARD COMPUTER   | 41 |
|           | ARTICLE 70:  | HYDROGEN FLOW METER                                      | 41 |
|           | ARTICLE 71:  | LIQUID FLOWMETER   | 41 |
|           | ARTICLE 72:  | JOULEMETERS  | 42 |
| 6.        | GLOBAL V     | RTUAL PROGRAMME AND OFF-TRACK AWARDS                     | 43 |
|           | ARTICLE 90:  | VIRTUAL PROGRAMME OVERVIEW                               |    |
|           | ARTICLE 91:  | VIRTUAL LEAGUE POINTS AND WINNERS                        | 43 |
| <b>6A</b> | - VIRTUAL T  |  |    |
|           | ARTICLE 92:  | DEFINITION   |    |
|           | ARTICLE 93:  | VIDEO  |    |
|           | ARTICLE 94:  | DOCUMENTATION  | 45 |
|           | ARTICLE 95:  | SCORING  | 45 |
| <b>6B</b> | - OFF-TRACK  | AWARDS   | 46 |
|           | ARTICLE 96:  | COMMUNICATIONS AWARD                                     |    |
|           | ARTICLE 97:  | SIMULATE TO INNOVATE AWARD SUPPORTED BY ALTAIR           | 48 |
|           | ARTICLE 98:  | DATA AND TELEMETRY AWARD SUPPORTED BY SCHMID ELEKTRONIK  | 49 |
|           | ARTICLE 99:  | CARBON FOOTPRINT REDUCTION AWARD                         | 50 |
|           | ARTICLE 100: | VEHICLE DESIGN AWARD                                     |    |
|           | ARTICLE 101: | TECHNICAL INNOVATION AWARD SUPPORTED BY SOUTHWEST RESEAR |    |
|           | ARTICLE 102: | SAFETY AWARD SUPPORTED BY DUPONT                         | 52 |
| 7.        | AWARDS A     | AND PRIZES   | 54 |
|           | ARTICLE 103: | on-track award overview and prizes                       | 54 |
|           | ARTICLE 104: | VIRTUAL LEAGUE AWARD OVERVIEW AND PRIZES                 |    |

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

| 8. MISCELLANEOUS |  |    |
|------------------|--|----|
| ARTICLE 105:     | PERSONAL DATA                          |    |
| ARTICLE 106:     | PHOTOGRAPHY AND VIDEOGRAPHY RIGHTS     |    |
| ARTICLE 107:     | INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY                  | 55 |
| ARTICLE 108:     | THIRD PARTY'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY    | 55 |
| APPENDIX 1: I    | DENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES              | 56 |
| APPENDIX 2:      | VIRTUAL TECHNICAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST |    |

# **1. ORGANISATION**

#### **ARTICLE 0: ABOUT THE RULES**

- a) The rules for Shell Eco-marathon 2022 events can be downloaded from the Shell Eco-marathon website. They comprise of:
  - i. Chapter I the Shell Eco-marathon 2022 Official Rules (referred to as "Official Rules" in this document).
  - ii. Chapter II rules for each of the Shell Eco-marathon on-track events. Will be issued should the events take place.
  - iii. Chapter III rules of the Shell Eco-marathon World Championship Series, which is for Urban Concept cars only. Will be issued should the competition take place.
  - iv. Chapter IV rules of the Autonomous Urban Concept Competition. Will be issued should the competition take place.
  - v. Individual set of rules for each of the Global Virtual League component competitions.
- b) It is the responsibility of participating Teams to read and understand the Official Rules. As some competition components this year are virtual in nature, participants should pay particular attention to guidance on the protection of your personal data (in <u>Article 105</u> and <u>Article 106</u>), and guidance on protection of your and other people's intellectual property (in <u>Article 107</u> and <u>Article 108</u>).

To highlight rule changes and aid the understanding of frequently misunderstood rules:

- i. Red text indicates a change, addition, or amendment to the previous year's Official Rules.
- ii. Italic text is explanation of a rule for better understanding.
- c) Links are used throughout this document for navigation and are indicated by <u>underlined text</u>.
- d) Tech Tips videos have been developed to explain specific rules and illustrate acceptable solutions. Links to these videos will be available from the Shell Eco-marathon participant's webpage.
- e) In this document functions and roles are defined as follows:
  - i. 'Organisers' the specific Shell company that organises the Shell Eco-marathon event in a region stated in Chapter II, and all persons acting on its behalf.
  - ii. 'Educational Institute' the university, college, or secondary school (preparing students for higher education degrees, vocational training certificates, professional certificates or official second-level school-leaving examinations) that endorses and oversees the participation of a Shell Eco-marathon Team.
  - iii. 'Team' a group of individuals with a team name and one vehicle that has been accepted for entry to the Shell Eco-marathon competition.
  - iv. 'Participant' a member of a Team.
  - v. 'Team Manager' a Participant that has been appointed on the event registration document as a single focal point for his/her Team for the Organisers.
  - vi. 'Faculty Advisor' a professional staff member of the Educational Institute which the Team represents, also a Participant of the Team.

- vii. 'Race Director' a person appointed by the Organisers, who is responsible for managing and sanctioning all on-track activities.
- viii. 'Track Marshal' person appointed by the Race Director to act on his/her behalf, to ensure on-track safety and observe on-track rule compliance.
- ix. 'Technical Director' a person appointed by the Organisers, who is responsible for managing and ensuring the technical standards and integrity of the Shell Eco-marathon competition.
- f) Any decision by the Organisers is final, independent of whether it is explicitly identified in Chapter I or not.

## ARTICLE 1: ACCEPTANCE & CONSENT

- a) Applications to enter the competition must be made via the <u>Shell Eco-marathon registration site</u>. The Organisers will review all applications and will select Teams based on the quality of their proposed entry and historical successes from previous Shell Eco-marathon events. The criteria for the historical successes will include achieving valid runs, completing the technical inspection, and demonstrating a readiness to compete upon arrival at the event. In addition, the Organisers reserve the right to invite Teams who represent the spirit of this competition.
- b) By the fact of their entry, Participants accept all provisions of the Official Rules and agree to abide by all decisions made by the Organisers. The Organisers reserve the right to add, modify or delete any Article of the Official Rules. In such an event, the Teams will be notified. The Organisers are solely empowered to pronounce in cases not provided for in the Official Rules.
- c) The Organisers reserve the right to modify, postpone or cancel the competition for any reason including for reasons of force majeure due to, including but not limited to, adverse or extreme weather conditions, the occurrence of a natural disaster, acts of terrorism or safety concerns. No claims for compensation will be accepted.
- d) The Participant is aware that photo, audio and video recordings will be made throughout the event and that these recordings may be used commercially for advertising or promotional purposes. You may be recognisable in such photo, film, audio and video recordings, or in any such materials that you submit to the Organisers during and after the event. Accordingly, the Organiser will apply your voluntary consent as provided in the Film and Photography Marketing Consent form in order to use, process and share (if necessary) such materials. Please see the terms as set out in the <u>Shell Eco-marathon Privacy Notice</u> if you desire to withdraw your consent at any time.

In the Virtual Programme as defined in Section 6 of the Official Rules, the Participant is aware that by participating in the competition components, they will appear in such photos and videos if their voluntary consent is provided.

In all other physically held on-track events, the Participant is aware that they may choose not to appear in such photos and videos by requesting so at check-in, following which they will be given an additional unique lanyard. This will be used as a visual indicator to all photographers/videographers on site to that effect.

#### **ARTICLE 2: ENTRIES**

# TECH TEAM PREPARATION

- a) Shell Eco-marathon is an academic educational programme. All Teams wishing to enter must be affiliated with an educational institution and their participation must be endorsed by it as evidenced by an Institutional Waiver signed by a competent authority of the Educational Institute submitted at the end of Phase 1 of the Season Registration.
- b) Educational Institutions eligible for Shell Eco-marathon participation are universities, colleges and secondary schools preparing students for higher education degrees, vocational training certificates, professional certificates or official second-level school-leaving examinations.
- c) Participants must be at least 16 years of age on the first day of the competition, however 14 and 15-yearolds may be allowed if appropriate safety and supervision plans are agreed in advance with the Organisers. Any Team wishing to include members aged 14 and 15 should contact the Organisers prior to registration where additional information on the requirements and limitations relevant to their country can be provided.
- d) Participants must all be affiliated with the Educational Institute at the time of the event, either as a presently enrolled student or as a member of faculty. Each Participant, including Team Manager and Faculty Advisor, must be associated with one Team only.
- e) A maximum of two vehicles per Educational Institute may be considered for any given Shell Eco-marathon event, granted they are of (i) different vehicle classes and (ii) different energy categories. The vehicle classes available are Prototype and Urban Concept, as defined in <u>Article 25:a</u>; the energy categories available are Internal Combustion Engine, Battery-Electric and Hydrogen Fuel Cell, as defined in <u>Article 53</u>. The Organisers reserve the right to select which Teams will advance based on the acceptance criteria detailed in <u>Article 1:a</u>.
- f) For each entry, a Team Manager, a Driver and a Faculty Advisor must be designated. A Reserve Driver may also be designated.
- g) The Team Manager must be a student member of the Team currently enrolled at the institution. In case all Participants are legal minors at the date of registration, the Faculty Advisor must act as Team Manager.
- h) The Team Manager may also be a Driver or Reserve Driver for their Team's vehicle.
- i) The Team Manager is the Team's sole official liaison with the Organisers. All information will be addressed to him/her. For the purposes of the project, he/she will be responsible for the Team, must speak on behalf of the Team and must be able to understand and speak English.
- j) Both the Driver and the Reserve Driver must be at least 16 years old. The Driver and Reserve Driver must be students of the Educational Institute in question. Both must be able to speak and understand English. Additional eligibility criteria for Drivers will be detailed in the relevant section of Chapter II.
- k) There will be one general season registration for acceptance into the Shell Eco-marathon 2022 Season. Teams interested in joining any of the virtual or on-track competitions must register at the general registration at the beginning of the season.
- Each interested Team, if accepted, can attend one Shell Eco-marathon event in its home region at the Organisers' discretion. Attendance at another Shell Eco-marathon event outside its home region is subject to the decision of the relevant regional organising committee.

m) Teams are permitted to select names that are appropriate to their research, their school, and Shell Eco-marathon. Names that are offensive or disrespectful to others who may be participating will not be allowed. The Organisers reserve the right to require Teams to change their name.

## **ARTICLE 3: TRACK ACCESS CONDITIONS**

During both the practice runs and the competition, all vehicles must comply with the technical and safety rules of the event. Whenever a vehicle enters the track, the vehicle body must be in place and bear all the competition numbers, sponsor stickers and Shell logos required by the Official Rules. Organisers will supply these numbers and logos.

#### **ARTICLE 4: IDENTIFICATION**

- a) Logos, official sponsor stickers and racing numbers will be provided by the Organisers as appropriate for each Shell Eco-marathon event. They must be fixed to the vehicle body in accordance with the diagram provided (see Appendix 1) such that they can be clearly read during any public presentation, in promotional films and on all photographs.
- b) Under no circumstances may the Shell logos, the sponsor stickers or racing numbers be modified, either on the vehicle or on any other documentation. It is prohibited to cut the stickers supplied by the Organisers. Their dimensions are as follows:
  - i. For each side and the front of the vehicle: A Shell logo, 200 x 215 mm.
  - ii. For each side and the front of the vehicle: racing numbers, 200 x 260 mm.
  - iii. For each side, on the lower part of the body: a sponsor sticker, 770 x 800 mm.
- c) A mandatory 100 mm space must be left free on all four sides of the Shell logo, and it should be placed with the base parallel to the ground (not at an angle).
- d) Any other sponsor names/logos must be smaller than the Shell logo. Each sponsor sticker must fit within a maximum area of 400 cm<sup>2</sup> (empty space included).
- e) The trademarks or logos of tobacco companies and alcoholic drinks producers are prohibited. Trademarks and logos of other energy companies and direct competitors to event sponsors require the prior written approval of the Organisers. This rule applies to all vehicles and all Participants' apparel.
- f) In the event of a breach of this rule, the Organisers reserve the right to remove any sponsor logos.
- g) All vehicles are subject to the Organisers' approval concerning these provisions.

## **ARTICLE 5: COMPLIANCE**

- a) Only vehicles that comply with the present Official Rules can participate. No vehicle will be allowed on the track for practice or competition until the Organisers have approved it. The decisions of the Organisers are final in all matters concerning the compliance of vehicle design and construction with the Official Rules.
- b) The Organisers reserve the right to rescind vehicle approval upon further or more detailed evaluation. The Organisers must be notified of any modifications to the vehicle after inspection. Non-compliance with this rule may lead to vehicle disqualification.
- c) Vehicles complying with all safety rules but not all technical rules will not be allowed to compete. However, they may be allowed on the track for practice or demonstration at the discretion of the Technical Director.

#### 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

#### **ARTICLE 6: PROTESTS**

The Team Manager is the only person authorised to lodge protests. Protests must be brought to the attention of the Technical Director via the results desk. Protests must be lodged within the following times:

- a) Vehicles: before track closure on the current day.
- b) Team and Driver behaviour: within 30 minutes following the end of the attempt.
- c) Results: within 1 hour after the result of an attempt has been posted.

## **ARTICLE 7: DISPUTES**

In the event of any disputes, all decisions made by the Race Director are binding and final.

#### **ARTICLE 8: PENALTIES**

- a) Non-compliance with the driving rules or safety rules will result in the penalties as described in <u>Article 8:d</u>). Notwithstanding this, the Organisers reserve the right to make decisions on a case-by-case basis depending on the severity of the breach.
- b) The Organisers may exclude, disqualify or penalise any Participant who has cheated, gained an unfair advantage due to any breach of the Official Rules, hindrance of other Participants, departure from the normal course, or any act or omission capable of misrepresenting performance, especially regarding energy consumption or method of propulsion.
- c) During the competition, the Driver or Team Manager must report to the Organisers any movement made or attempted by means other than the vehicle's own propulsion system. In such an event, the attempt in question will be invalid. If this type of incident is not reported, all the Team's attempts will be invalidated.
- d) The following general penalties apply:
  - 1<sup>st</sup> infraction: Formal warning.
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> infraction: Best overall attempt invalidated at the end of the competition.
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> infraction: Immediate Team disqualification.

# 2. SAFETY

#### **ARTICLE 9: SAFETY RULES**

- a) As with any motorsport activity there should be an understanding that certain inherent risks will be present. Recognising and controlling these risks is vital for the well-being of people and local surroundings. Safety is an essential consideration for the Organisers. These Rules are to protect all individuals and surrounding areas and are in no way intended to curtail the spirit of the competition. Any activity deemed unsafe or outside of the spirit of the event will be met with appropriate action by the Organisers.
- b) Therefore, compliance with safe driving rules, as well as any instructions given by Track Marshals or the Organisers is mandatory for everyone. All Participants must comply with the safety measures and must notify Organisers about any anomalies or incidents. In case of dangerous conditions, leave the area immediately. During the event, the paddock area will be monitored by the Organisers to assist Teams to comply with safe practices.
- c) The Race Director is responsible for and has the final authority in determining the safe conditions for track operations regarding weather.
- d) Non-compliance with any of these Rules may lead to disqualification from the competition at the sole and absolute discretion of the Organisers.
- e) Electrical safety in the paddocks is an especially important topic in Shell Eco-marathon events. Teams must read and comply with the safety concerns in <u>Article 24</u>, <u>Article 57</u>, and their event specific Chapter II Rules.

# **2A – DRIVING RULES**

#### ARTICLE 10: DRIVING KNOWLEDGE AND TEST

- a) Only the registered Driver and the Reserve Driver will be authorised to drive the vehicle.
- b) Drivers may be questioned about their knowledge of the driving rules during the inspection. The Organisers reserve the right to deny track access to Drivers with insufficient knowledge of the Rules.
- c) Driving on-track: Drivers must use smooth, safe driving techniques for example thinking ahead, avoiding sudden directional changes, and being fully aware of vehicles around them.
- d) Drivers must have a minimum of two hours of driving experience with their vehicle. Drivers will be asked to evidence their skill level:
  - 1. Do you have prior experience driving in a Shell Eco-marathon competition?
  - 2. Do you have prior experience driving in a similar mileage competition?
  - 3. Do you have a minimum of 2 hours driving experience in your Team vehicle?
  - 4. Have both drivers driven the current vehicle?

Drivers may be required, at the discretion of the Technical Director, to verify their skill level on a test track as part of passing Technical Inspection.

#### ARTICLE 11: DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL/ILLEGAL SUBSTANCES

- a) Driving under the influence of alcohol or illegal substances is forbidden. This applies to all Drivers, Reserve Drivers, and Participants.
- b) Procedures for alcohol or substance testing are detailed in Chapter II.
- c) Any breach will be penalised in line with <u>Article 8</u> and the following additional penalties:
  - i. Any alcohol or substance-related breach of the rules will be treated at least as a '2nd infraction' of the Team, even if no prior violation has occurred.
  - ii. In addition, the affected Driver is immediately banned from track access if he/she is under the influence. A Reserve Driver may substitute the Driver if he/she is eligible to drive.
  - iii. Any second alcohol and/or substance-related infraction will lead to the immediate disqualification of the entire Team.

#### ARTICLE 12: BRIEFING

Attendance of the daily Drivers' briefing is mandatory for the Team Manager and all registered Drivers and Reserve Drivers every day. Failure in attending these briefings by the Team Managers and Drivers will disqualify the Team from practicing and/or competing that day.

#### ARTICLE 13: ACCESS TO THE TRACK

- a) Vehicles must pass a safety inspection prior to accessing the track for practice runs. A safety sticker will be clearly affixed once the vehicle has passed the inspection.
- b) For practice runs on both the test track and the competition track, only vehicles with a safety sticker will be allowed on the track.
- c) For the competition, only vehicles with safety and technical inspection stickers will be allowed to compete.
- d) The Organisers will allow the opportunity for Team Managers and Drivers to survey the track before any vehicles are allowed on the track. For further details please refer to Chapter II.
- e) After pre-start measurements have been completed, Teams must be ready to start their attempt within two minutes or return to the paddock.

#### ARTICLE 14: PUSHING THE VEHICLE

At no time on the racetrack are drivers allowed to push their vehicle or have it pushed, including to start the run or to cross the finish line.

#### ARTICLE 15: RACE DIRECTION

It is forbidden to drive in reverse gear or to drive against the race direction.

#### ARTICLE 16: RADIO COMMUNICATION

The use of hand-held communications is forbidden in the vehicle. However, the use of a "hands-free" kit is allowed if both hands of the driver remain on the steering system.

#### ARTICLE 17: OVERTAKING

- a) Drivers are required to give clear passage for other vehicles wishing to overtake.
- b) Drivers in overtaking vehicles must sound their horn and pass with caution. The Driver of the overtaking vehicle is responsible for the safety of the manoeuvre.

- c) Drivers of the vehicles being overtaken must use their mirrors and must not change course suddenly.
- d) On the track, overtaking is authorised on both the right and the left, provided the above-mentioned safety rules are followed.

#### ARTICLE 18: BREAKDOWNS AND OTHER INCIDENTS

- a) Intentional stopping on the track is forbidden unless it is required by the competition, e.g. for Urban Concept vehicles, or is needed to prevent a safety incident.
- b) The Driver is allowed 30 seconds to attempt to re-start the vehicle from within its driving position.
- c) If a vehicle breaks down or is involved in a minor disabling accident on the track, the Driver must immediately make every attempt to drive the vehicle to the side of the track and wait in the vehicle for the Track Marshals to arrive.
- d) In an emergency, the Driver must get out of the car and wait in a safe place off the track for the Track Marshals to arrive and recover him/her and the vehicle.
- e) It is forbidden to carry out repairs on the track. In the event of a flat tyre, even when near the starting line, a new start will not be granted for the attempt in question.

#### ARTICLE 19: OFF-TRACK VEHICLE MOVEMENTS

- a) All vehicles must be parked inside the designated paddock area or directly in front of it. When off the track, vehicles must be moved without the use of the engine. They must be pushed or pulled by an accompanying Team Member wearing gloves. This also applies to the pit lane and the paddock area. Test-driving in the paddock area is forbidden.
- b) Any breaches and any unsafe or unfair behaviour brought to the attention of the Organisers could result in a penalty.

# **2B – DRIVER AND EQUIPMENT**

#### ARTICLE 20: DRIVER WEIGHT

- a) The minimum Driver Weight is:
  - Prototype vehicles 50.0 kg
  - Urban Concept vehicles 70.0 kg
- b) The Driver Weight is defined as the weight of the person driving the vehicle including full driving gear and communication devices. If the Driver Weight does not meet the minimum weight requirement ballast needs to be fitted to the vehicle. This ballast must be provided by the Team, in form of weightlifting discs or rectangular metal plates. No other form of ballast is permitted. The ballast must be effectively secured to the vehicle to ensure Driver safety in the event of collision or roll-over. For Urban Concept vehicles the ballast must be outside the driver compartment. A seal will be installed around the ballast by a technical inspector and must remain in place during the event. If the seal has been tampered with or removed the vehicle will no longer be valid to compete.
- c) If a Team has two drivers and one or both drivers are underweight, the ballast weight will be based on the lightest driver.
- d) Drivers (in full driving gear, including communication devices) and their ballast may be weighed before or after each attempt. A weight loss of up to 1 kg during an attempt will be tolerated.

#### ARTICLE 21: HELMETS

- a) For practice and competition, Drivers must wear full-face or three-quarter helmets suitable for motorsport activities. Helmet certification labels must be clearly readable. Helmets worn by all Drivers will be subject to inspection. Helmets should not have any indentations or cracks and should be in proper working condition as intended by the helmet manufacturer.
- b) All helmets must be affixed with a face shield (or visor). The face shield (or visor) must cover from the top of the face down to below the driver's nose. Tinted face shields or sunglasses to be worn under the face shield are permitted. The helmets must correctly fit the Driver and be secured by a chin strap. Visors should be free from major scratches and have clear visibility.

#### ARTICLE 22: DRIVER CLOTHING

a) All Drivers must wear a one-piece racing suit as the outermost layer of clothing, and the racing suit must be classified as Flame Retardant Clothing (FRC) according to a recognised standard. Drivers are not allowed to wear synthetic clothing underneath the race suit because synthetic material may melt if exposed to flames.

Cotton shirt and underwear are recommended.

- b) Socks (made from cotton or FRC material) and shoes are required.
- c) Fire retardant gloves are required and must completely cover all fingers.
- d) If Drivers wear balaclavas, they are required to be made from FRC material.
- e) No bare skin should be visible when the Driver is wearing the racing suit, gloves, socks, shoes and helmet.

#### ARTICLE 23: DRIVER COMFORT

Please note that in the event of hot weather conditions, high temperatures may affect Driver comfort and potentially cause heat stress.

- a) It is recommended to properly ventilate the inside of the vehicle to provide cooling to the Driver.
- b) It is recommended to provide sufficient drinking liquids to the driver for the duration of an attempt. If fluid containers are provided to the driver(s), these containers must be hands-free.

Camel-back style or bottles secured inside the driver's compartment with flexible feed straw are recommended.

- c) It is recommended to equip the vehicle with an effective shield from the sun.
- d) For driver comfort, Teams can install fans or air-cooling type systems that are not included in the electrical measurement of the vehicle. Any fans or air-cooling systems must be self-powered by internal batteries.

# **2C – GENERAL SAFETY**

#### ARTICLE 24: EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

Teams are required to provide and use at the event:

- a) Leather, canvas or other cut resistant gloves for general work, including movement of vehicle
- b) Chemical resistant gloves for fuel or motor oil handling
- c) Safety glasses for all Participants
- d) Hearing protection for all Participants

- e) Duct tape to secure cords or cables lying on the pit floor
- f) Lift stands or appropriate raised platform for vehicle tuning and repairs
- g) Tools and materials
- h) Effective equipment suitable to mitigate and/or control Lithium-based battery fires must be used during battery charging. The equipment must prevent or contain the spread of fire or battery even during charging. Equipment that may be used includes:
  - i. A battery charging bag that is designed specifically for containment of a Lithium battery fire, or
  - ii. A fireproof blanket that can be placed over AND under the lithium battery being charged. The blanket must be big enough to fully cover and contain any potential battery fire.
- i) Vehicle Crates and Transportation

# TECH SHIPPING

i. Participants are required to seek early guidance regarding shipment of any Dangerous Goods material from a commercial freight company to obtain the latest shipping legislation.

Dangerous Goods include, but are not limited to flammable liquids, batteries, and pressurized containers (e.g. fire extinguishers).

Commercial transportation regulations have increased significantly in recent years. Teams need to understand the ramifications of non-compliance. Individual Teams are responsible for commercial shipments.

Shipments made by air freight are the most stringent compared to road freight.

- ii. Dangerous Goods shipping and packing information will be provided in the Chapter II rules for each on-track event.
- j) Electrical safety
  - i. All electrical equipment used must be properly fused.
  - ii. Electrical cables must be in good condition and appropriate for the equipment it is intended for.
  - iii. Teams are only allowed to use a single multi-plug strip with internal overcurrent protection.

## **2D – ATTENTION**

Review all sections of the Official Rules as they contain further safety matters specific to each topic.

# 3. VEHICLE DESIGN



# 3A – GENERAL

## ARTICLE 25: VEHICLE DESIGN

- a) During vehicle design, construction and competition planning, participating Teams must pay attention to all aspects of safety, including the safety of the driver, participants, volunteers and spectators.
  - i. Prototype vehicles must have three or four running wheels that are in constant contact with the road.
  - ii. Prototype vehicles must have a minimum crumple zone of 100 mm between the front of the vehicle body and the driver's feet.
  - iii. Urban Concept vehicles must have exactly four wheels that are in constant contact with the road.
- b) Aerodynamic appendages, which adjust or are prone to changing shape due to wind, are not allowed.
- c) Vehicle bodies must not include any external appendages that might be dangerous to participants; this includes pointed parts of the vehicle body. Sharp points must have a radius of 50 mm or greater or be covered with foam or a deformable material.
- d) Vehicle body panels and windows must be rigid and may not change shape due to wind.
- e) The vehicle interior must not contain any objects that might injure the Driver in the event of a collision.

Windows must not shatter into sharp shards. Protective film covering the windows is allowed but must not distort the driver's visibility.

- f) The energy compartment (engine/motor/transmission/battery, etc.) should be easy to access for a quick inspection.
- g) All parts of the drive train, including fuel tank, hydrogen system components, etc. must be within the confines of the body cover.
- h) All objects in the vehicle must be securely mounted. Bungee cords or other elastic materials are not permitted for securing heavy objects.
- i) All vehicles must have a solid floor and frame that prevent any part of the driver's body from contacting the ground.
- j) All vehicles must be fully covered. Open top vehicles are not allowed. Vehicles that look like bicycles, tricycles or wheelchairs are not acceptable.
- k) The Organisers will provide all Urban Concept vehicles with a telemetry System and require them to install it in their vehicle for competition monitoring and result calculation (see Section 5).
- I) The use of asbestos and asbestos-containing materials is forbidden.

#### ARTICLE 26: CHASSIS/MONOCOQUE SOLIDITY

a) Teams must ensure that the vehicle chassis or monocoque will safely protect the driver's body, including crumple space in the event of a front, side, or rollover collision.

A monocoque is a construction that supports structural load by using an object's external skin as opposed to using a frame.

b) The vehicle chassis must be equipped with an effective roll bar that extends 50 mm around the driver's helmet when seated in normal driving position with the safety belts fastened.

If this position impairs the driver visibility it will be deemed that the roll bar is not adequate. The effectiveness of the roll bar and driver's visibility will be validated simultaneously, i.e. the driver must not be in such position that he or she must raise their head or torso above the roll bar to pass the visibility test.



c) The roll bar must extend in width beyond the driver's shoulders when seated in normal driving position with the safety belts fastened.

Teams may use a tubular or panel roll bar. If a tubular roll bar is used, it must be metal. A panel roll bar is the rigid partition separating the cockpit from the energy compartment, and it must be integrated into the vehicle chassis or monocoque.

- d) The roll bar must be able to withstand a static load of 700 N applied in a vertical, horizontal, and/or perpendicular direction, without deforming in any direction.
- e) If the vehicle must be lifted at a specific place on its body, it should be clearly marked with a rectangular box stating, "LIFT HERE".

#### ARTICLE 27: PROPULSION AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM ISOLATION

a) A rigid Bulkhead must safely isolate and seal the vehicle's propulsion and energy storage systems from the driver's compartment.

A bulkhead is an upright partition separating the driver's compartment from the energy compartment. This means engines, fuel cells, fuel tanks, batteries (propulsion or accessary), hydrogen cylinders, supercapacitors, etc. must be placed outside the driver's compartment behind the bulkhead. The purpose of this bulkhead is that in the event of a fuel leak, fire or battery release incident, it prevents liquids and/or flames from reaching the driver. Avoid having any gaps or holes between the body and the bulkhead. It is recommended to seal gaps with materials such as metal/aluminium sheeting or aluminium tape.

- b) The bulkhead must be able to protect the driver from an open flame in the energy compartment.
- c) The bulkhead must prevent manual access to the energy compartment by the Driver.
- d) If holes are made in the bulkhead to pass through wires or cables it is essential that the wires and cables are protected by a grommet or similar protective material to prevent chafing or damage. All gaps and holes must be filled.

#### ARTICLE 28: VISIBILITY

- a) The Driver must have access to a direct arc of visibility ahead and to 90° on each side of the longitudinal axis of the vehicle. The Driver's field of vision must be achieved without aid of any optical or electronic devices. Movement of the Driver's head within the confines of the vehicle body to achieve a complete arc of vision is allowed, but the driver's helmet must always be 50 mm below the roll bar. The side windows tinting must be light enough to allow the driver to be seen from outside the vehicle.
- b) The vehicle must be equipped with a rear-view mirror on each side of the vehicle, each with a minimum surface area of 2500 mm<sup>2</sup> (e.g. 50 mm x 50 mm). An electronic device may not replace a rear-view mirror.
- c) For Urban Concept vehicles wet weather visibility is also mandatory (see <u>Article 52</u>).

## ARTICLE 29: SAFETY BELTS

# TIPS ROLL BAR & SAFETY BELTS

- a) The Driver's seat must be fitted with an effective safety harness with at least five mounting points to maintain the Driver securely in his/her seat. The five independent belts must be firmly attached to the vehicle's main structure and be fitted into a single buckle, specifically designed for this purpose.
- b) The safety harness must prevent any upward or forward motion of the Driver's torso. Any slack in the harness must be adjusted by using the seat belt length adjuster. The adjustor must be located as close as possible to the connection point. The crotch strap mounting point must be underneath the body, and the topmost straps should be mounted 0° to 10° below the top of the Driver's shoulder.
- c) The safety harness must always be worn tight and fastened to prevent the Driver from having free movement when the vehicle is in motion.
- d) Each safety harness mounting point must able to withstand a 200 N force in any direction.
- e) The Urban Concept vehicle safety harness must be specifically manufactured for motorsport use (e.g. certified or compliant with FIA standards).

#### ARTICLE 30: VEHICLE ACCESS

- a) It is imperative for Drivers, fully harnessed, to be able to vacate their vehicles at any time without assistance in less than 10 seconds.
- b) Prototype vehicles must be equipped with a sufficiently large opening for the cockpit. The driving position must be designed so that emergency services can easily extract the Driver from his/her vehicle, if necessary.
- c) The driver compartment must have a single opening mechanism per door, which must be easily and intuitively operable from both inside and outside the vehicle. The method of opening from the outside must be clearly marked by a red arrow and must not require any tools.
- d) It is forbidden to use adhesive tape to close the Driver's opening from the outside.

## ARTICLE 31: HORN

- a) Each vehicle must be equipped with an electrically powered horn typically used in current automobiles. Bike or cycling horns are no longer permitted.
- b) The horn must be mounted at the front of the vehicle without obstruction.

#### 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

- c) The horn must emit sound greater than 85 dBA when measured 4 meters in front of the operating vehicle. The horn must produce a continuous single tone sound when activated – chirping or siren-like tones are not permitted.
- d) The horn must be powered by the vehicle battery. However, the power consumed by the horn does not need to be measured by the Joulemeter (See <u>Article 56:d)v</u>).

#### ARTICLE 32: NOT USED

#### ARTICLE 33: DRIVER POSITION

For safety reasons, the head-first driving position is prohibited.

#### ARTICLE 34: CLUTCH AND TRANSMISSION

- a) All vehicle propulsion must be achieved only through the friction between the wheels and the road.
- b) All vehicles with internal combustion engines must be equipped with a clutch system.
- c) For centrifugal/automatic clutches the starter motor speed must always be below the engagement speed of the clutch.
- d) Only Urban Concept ICE vehicles are required to have idling capabilities. This means the vehicle must be able to remain stationary while the engine is running.
- e) For manual clutches the starter motor must not be operable with the clutch engaged. An interlock is required to facilitate this functionality.
- f) Please refer to <u>Article 64:b</u>) regarding starter motor requirements.
- g) Guards for transmission chains and/or belts are mandatory.

This is required to protect driver or technician when working on the car in the event of the chain or belt breaking. It must be made of metal or composite material rigid enough to withstand a break.

## ARTICLE 35: EXHAUST SYSTEM

- a) The exhaust gases must be evacuated outside the vehicle body.
- b) Exhaust pipes must not extend beyond the rear or the side of the vehicle body.
- c) Exhaust pipes must be solid with no signs of fatigue or leaks.
- d) Exhaust pipes must be appropriate for high temperatures.

#### ARTICLE 36: ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

All vehicles are expected to comply with reasonable environmental conditions including smoke, odour, and sound level emitted.

## ARTICLE 37: EMERGENCY SHUT-DOWN

# TIPS EMERGENCY SHUTDOWN

- a) The purpose of the emergency shutdown system is to disable the propulsion system of the vehicle. Different types of propulsion systems require different measures to accomplish this.
- b) Spark ignition engines (gasoline, ethanol) will require the emergency shutdown mechanism to shut down the ignition. It is not necessary to isolate the accessory battery.

- c) Compression ignition engines (diesel) will require the emergency shutdown mechanism to shut off the fuel or air flow. It is not necessary to isolate the accessory battery.
- d) For Battery Electric vehicles the emergency shutdown mechanism must provide a physical isolation of the propulsion battery from the vehicle electrical system. The use of a power controller or other logic systems to drive an isolation device is not permitted. If relays are used, the relays must be a normally open contact type.

Care should be taken to ensure that the relay coil power is also removed when the relay coil is open. This may be achieved by using a latching circuit.

- e) For Hydrogen vehicles see <u>Article 65:e)</u>.
- f) There must be both an internal and an external shutdown mechanism.
  - i. The internal emergency shutdown mechanism is for driver operation and may be designed in any effective way.
  - ii. The external emergency shutdown mechanism must be at the rear of the vehicle and permanently installed on a non-detachable part of the bodywork.
  - iii. A standard sticker (Blue triangle with red electrical arc) provided by the Organisers must be positioned on the vehicle body to indicate clearly the exterior position of the emergency shutdown actuator.
- g) The external emergency shutdown mechanism must be achieved by means of a latching red push button, which can only be re-activated by rotating it. Push/pull levers are not accepted.
- h) In addition to the above devices, all vehicles must be equipped with a "dead man's safety device" or sometimes referred to as "operator presence control." The purpose for this device is to ensure that in case the driver becomes incapacitated the vehicle's propulsion power is automatically disengaged (returns to an idle condition). This device may consist of a spring-loaded hand operated accelerator or foot pedal lever. An electric dead man switch is permissible if the switch is located on the steering wheel. If an electric dead-man switch is used the driver must directly (for example by thumb or index finger) engage the switch continuously while driving.
  - i. This device is a separate switch from the required "emergency shut-down" mechanisms identified in <u>Article 37:f</u>].
  - ii. If an ICE Prototype vehicle is designed with a WOT (wide open throttle) operation of the dead-man switch must switch off the ignition system.

## ARTICLE 38: ADDITIONAL INSPECTIONS

- a) After passing technical inspection, any alternation must be re-approved by the Organisers.
- b) After any significant incident to the vehicle, it must be re-inspected.
- c) At any time, the Organisers may perform unannounced inspections on the vehicles.

# **3B – PROTOTYPE CLASS**

#### ARTICLE 39: DIMENSIONS

- a) The vehicle maximum height must be less than 1000 mm.
- b) The vehicle track width must be at least 500 mm, measured between the midpoints where the tyres of the outermost wheels touch the ground.
- c) The ratio of height divided by track width must be less than 1.25.
- d) The vehicle wheelbase must be at least 1000 mm.
- e) The maximum total vehicle width must not exceed 1300 mm.
- f) The maximum total length must not exceed 3500 mm.
- g) The maximum vehicle weight, without the Driver is 140 kg.
- h) None of the body dimensions above must be achieved by design singularities such as 'stuck-on' appendages or cut-outs.

#### ARTICLE 40: NOT USED

#### ARTICLE 41: TYRES, WHEELS, AXLES AND WHEEL HUBS

- a) All types of tyres and wheels are allowed.
- b) Any type of wheel rim may be used. Rims must be compatible with the dimensions of the selected tyres to satisfy safety standards.

Bicycle wheels are not generally designed to support substantial lateral cornering forces, such as may be found in Shell Eco-marathon vehicles at certain speeds.

The wheel axles must be designed for cantilever loads (like in wheelchairs) rather than for load distributed equally on both sides (like in bicycles).

- c) Wheels located inside the vehicle body must be isolated from the Driver by a bulkhead and must not touch the chassis or body.
- d) Any handling or manipulation of wheels by the Driver is forbidden from the moment the vehicle is at the starting line until it crosses the finish line.
- e) All installations must be carried out in a way that there is no likelihood the wheels will touch other parts of the vehicle (i.e. cables, wires, hoses, and energy compartment components like batteries, etc.). These must be safely mounted/secured so that they cannot interfere with the turning wheel during driving and cause accidents.

#### ARTICLE 42: TURNING RADIUS AND STEERING

- a) Only front wheel steering is permitted. If the Organisers are not satisfied with the effectiveness and/or control of a vehicles steering system, this vehicle will be removed from the competition.
- b) The turning radius must be 8 m or less. The turning radius is the distance between the centre of the circle and the external wheel of the vehicle. The external wheel of the vehicle must be able to follow a 90° arc of 8 m radius in both directions. The steering system must be designed to prevent any contact between tyre and body or chassis.

#### SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

- c) Electrically operated indirect steering systems are permitted providing they are operated by a steering wheel or similar (rotary potentiometer), joystick operation is not permitted. If electronic steering systems are used, in the event of system failure, the vehicle must be equipped with manual steering override.
- d) The Organisers reserve the right to set up a vehicle handling course to verify the following when the vehicle is in motion: driver skills, turning radius and steering precision. For example, the Organisers will verify that steering is precise, with no play.

#### ARTICLE 43: BRAKING

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- a) Vehicles must have two hydraulic braking systems, one per axle. Brakes that act on the tyres are not permitted.
  - i. The front brake(s) must have a single foot operated pedal controlling front wheel(s).
  - ii. The rear brake(s) must have a single lever action attached to the steering wheel or a single pedal.
  - iii. For each axle, a maximum of two master cylinders is allowed, but they must act on single hydraulic circuit to ensure a proper balance between right and left wheel. One master cylinder per wheel is not allowed.
  - iv. It must be possible to activate the two brake systems at the same time without taking either hand off the steering system.
- b) The effectiveness of the braking systems will be tested during vehicle inspection. The vehicle will be placed on a 20 percent incline with the driver inside. Each brake system will be activated separately, and each individual brake system must keep the vehicle immobile.
- c) During practice or competition runs, the brakes must be protected against any adjustments made by the driver. The effectiveness of the protection will be evaluated during technical inspection and rechecked before entering the track. In addition, vehicles will be checked at the start and/or finish area. Any system that has been compromised will invalidate that run and a penalty may be issued by the Organisers.

# **3C – URBAN CONCEPT CLASS**

#### ARTICLE 44: DEFINITION

The Urban Concept class offers an opportunity to design and build energy efficient vehicles that are closer in appearance to modern passenger cars. Urban Concept vehicles must comply with the specific Shell Eco-marathon rules for this vehicle class. Vehicles competing in this class will focus on "stop and go" driving.

During practice and competition driving at Shell Eco-marathon events, only the Driver is allowed inside Urban Concept vehicles, regardless of the number of seats installed.

#### ARTICLE 45: DIMENSIONS

- a) The total vehicle height must be between 1000 mm and 1300 mm.
- b) The total vehicle width, excluding rear view mirrors, must be between 1200 mm and 1300 mm.
- c) The total vehicle length must be between 2200 mm and 3500 mm.
- d) The track width must be at least 1000 mm for the front axle and 800 mm for the rear axle, measured between the midpoints where the tyres touch the ground.

- e) The wheelbase must be at least 1200 mm.
- f) The Driver's compartment must have a minimum height of 880 mm and a minimum width of 700 mm at the Driver's shoulders.
- g) The vehicle body and chassis ground clearance must be at least 100 mm with the driver (and necessary ballast) in the vehicle.
- h) The maximum vehicle weight (excluding the Driver) is 225 kg.
- i) All vehicle dimensions must not be achieved by body extensions such as 'stuck-on' appendages or cut-outs.

#### ARTICLE 46: VEHICLE BODY

- a) Teams must submit technical drawings, photographs or animations of their entire vehicle design to the Organisers for approval at their earliest opportunity.
- b) The vehicle body must cover all mechanical parts when viewed from all sides. The wheels and suspension must be fully covered by the body when seen from above, and the wheels must be covered up to the axle centre line when seen from front or rear. The covering for the wheels and suspension must be a rigid, integral part of the vehicle body.
- c) Teams may NOT use commercially available vehicle body parts.
- d) Driver access must be easy and practical, as found in common passenger cars. All Urban Concept vehicles must have two side doors. Each door opening must have a minimum dimension of 500 x 800 mm.

This will be verified with a rectangular template of 500 x 800 mm with 50 mm radius corners vertical or horizontal.

- e) Any access opening mechanisms must be firmly attached to the vehicle body by means of hinges or sliding rails. Adhesive tape, Velcro, or similar materials are not permitted for this purpose.
- f) The vehicle must have a fixed roof covering the Driver's compartment.
- g) A windscreen with effective wiper(s) is mandatory. Please refer to <u>Article 52:b)</u>.
- h) Space must be available for a rectangular rigid luggage with dimensions of 500 x 400 x 200 mm (L x H x W). This space must be easily accessible from the outside and must include a floor and sidewalls to hold the luggage in place when the vehicle is moving. The luggage must be supplied by the Participant and must be placed in this space during inspection and competition.
- i) Vehicle bodies must not include any external appendages that might be dangerous to other Team members; e.g. sharp points must have a radius of 50 mm or greater, alternatively they should be made of foam or similar deformable material.
- j) A towing hook or ring is mandatory at the front of the vehicle. It can be rigid or flexible (cable or strap). If it is rigid, it must be placed fully under the body for safety reasons. Alternatively, it may be retractable or removable as in a regular car but should be easily accessible. It must be used to tow the vehicle in case of breakdown on the track. It must have a traction resistance equivalent to the weight of the vehicle and have an opening width of at least 30 mm.

#### ARTICLE 47: TURNING RADIUS AND STEERING

- a) Vehicle steering must be achieved by one system operated with both hands using a turning motion. It must be precise, with no play or delay. Steering must be operated predominately through the front wheels.
- b) Steering must be achieved using a steering wheel or sections of a wheel with a minimum diameter of 250 mm.
- c) Steering bars, tillers, joysticks, indirect or electric systems are not permitted.
- d) The turning radius must be 6 m or less. The turning radius is the distance between the centre of the circle and the external wheel of the vehicle. The external wheel of the vehicle must be able to follow a 90° arc of 6 m radius in both directions. The steering system must be designed to prevent any contact between tyre and body or chassis.
- e) The Organisers reserve the right to set up a vehicle handling course to verify the following when the vehicle is in motion: driver skills, turning radius and steering precision.

#### ARTICLE 48: WHEELS

- a) The rims must be between 15 to 17 inches in diameter.
- b) The wheels located inside the vehicle body must be made inaccessible to the Driver by a bulkhead and must not come in contact with the chassis or body. Any handling or manipulation of the wheels is forbidden from the moment the vehicle arrives at the starting line until it crosses the finish line.

#### ARTICLE 49: TYRES

It is recommended to use flat profile tyres designed for small passenger cars or light trailers, round or triangular profile tyres for mopeds or motorbikes are permitted. Both tyres of an axle must be the same. Tyres must fit the rims recommended by the manufacturer and have a minimum tread of 1.6 mm. The tyre/rim assembly must have a width equal or greater than 80 mm, measured from tire sidewall to tire sidewall. The width is measured with the tyre fitted on its rim at its rated pressure.

Caution:

- The manufacturer's size indications should not be taken as measure, as the width of the rim directly impacts the width of the rim/tyre assembly.
- Tyres that measure less than 80 mm will not be approved.

## ARTICLE 50: LIGHTING

The vehicle must have a functional external lighting system, including:

- a) Two front headlights.
- b) Two front turn indicators.
- c) Two rear turn indicators.
- d) Two red brake lights in the rear.
- e) Two red rear running lights.
- f) The centre of each headlight unit must be located at an equal distance and at least 300 mm from the centre-line of the vehicle.
- g) The mandatory red indicator light for the self-starter operation must be separate from any of the above (see <u>Article 64:c</u>).
- h) A Hazard light function must be included in the vehicle system.

#### ARTICLE 51: BRAKING

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- a) The vehicle must be equipped with a four-disc hydraulic brake system, with a single brake pedal, which has a minimum surface area of 2500 mm<sup>2</sup>. The brake pedal must operate the master cylinders either directly or through a rigid mechanical link. Wires/cables are not allowed. Commercially available brake systems (discs and callipers) with a minimum disc thickness of 3 mm are mandatory. Manufacturer's documentation is required to demonstrate authenticity. Bicycle brakes are not allowed.
- b) The brakes must operate independently on the front and rear axles or in an X pattern (i.e. right front wheel with left rear wheel and left front wheel with right rear wheel).
- c) A single master cylinder may be used provided it has a dual circuit. A maximum of two master cylinders is allowed.
- d) The effectiveness of the brake system will be tested during vehicle inspection. The vehicle must remain immobile with the Driver inside when it is placed on a 20 percent incline with the main brake in place. Moreover, a dynamic inspection may be performed on the vehicle-handling course.
- e) A parking brake function is required to keep the car stationary during technical inspections and fuel measurements. It must provide a brake force of at least 50 N.
- f) Wet weather capability is mandatory (see <u>Article 52:a</u>).

#### ARTICLE 52: WET WEATHER RUNNING

- a) During weather conditions of light rain/drizzle, the Urban Concept vehicles (only) may be required to drive on the track during competition with approval from the Race Director. Therefore, all Urban Concept vehicles must be adequate for running under such conditions.
- b) The vehicle must be equipped with an effective electric windscreen wiper arm assembly typically found in a production car.
- c) The operation of the wiper assembly must be activated by an independent switch easily accessible to the driver.
- d) The wiper operation must provide the driver a clear view.
- e) The vehicle must be adequately ventilated to prevent driver's compartment from fogging.
- f) It is required that the vehicle's electrical system be suitable for wet weather conditions to prevent malfunction.
- g) The effectiveness of the vehicle to run in wet conditions will be evaluated during the initial inspection phase.
- h) Tyres must have a minimum tread of 1.6 mm (see <u>Article 49</u>).
- i) The vehicle's brake effectiveness may be re-inspected before and/or after any run.

# 4. ENERGY SOURCES

# 4A – GENERAL

#### ARTICLE 53: ENERGY TYPES

Vehicles may only use one of three energy categories listed below, which each have individual prize categories (See <u>Article 103</u>). As determined by the Organisers based on current location circumstances not all energy types or fuels will be available; Teams will be communicated to which energy types or fuels will be available per event location.

- a) Internal Combustion Engine:
  - i. Shell FuelSave Unleaded 95 (Europe and Asia)/Shell Nitrogen Enriched (US) Gasoline\*
  - ii. Shell FuelSave Diesel (Europe)/Shell Diesel (Asia and US)
  - iii. Ethanol E100 (Denatured)

\* The gasoline and diesel provided by the Organisers during the competition are the Shell fuels prevalent in the local market where the event takes place. For testing and tuning purposes in the Team's home countries where Shell fuels may not be available it is recommended to use the locally available Unleaded 95 (87 US) or Diesel instead.

- b) Battery-Electric
- c) Hydrogen Fuel Cell

# ARTICLE 54: RESULTS CALCULATIONS

- a) All live results displayed during the competition are provisional until verified and published by the Organisers after the completion of the event, usually within three days after the event.
- b) For Prototype vehicles, the results will be calculated based on the propulsion energy consumed.
- c) For Urban Concept vehicles, the results will be calculated based on the propulsion energy consumed PLUS the electrical energy consumed by the vehicle as measured by a joulemeter.
- d) Results for the Internal Combustion Category will be expressed in kilometres per litre (km/l) or miles per gallon (mpg) depending on region (i.e. theoretical distance covered using energy of gasoline equivalent) corrected to a temperature of 15°C on a tank-to-wheel basis.
  - i. Regardless of the fuel used, for the internal combustion category, the measurement will be determined from this equivalent consumption of gasoline. This calculation will be performed using the net calorific value (NCV), which represents the quantity of energy released per unit mass or volume of fuel during complete combustion yielding steam and carbon dioxide, and the energy consumed from the battery as measured by the joulemeter, corrected to allow for the efficiency of the electricity production process. The inclusion of electrical energy consumed is applicable for Urban Concept vehicles only. (See <u>Article 54:c</u>).
  - ii. Typical NCV values (mass basis) for different fuels are given in the table below. The NCV values (vol.) at 15°C are calculated on the day of competition by multiplying the actual mass based NCV by the fuel density at 15°C.

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

| ENERGY TYPE  | NCV BY MASS (kJ/kg) |  |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Shell FuelSave Unleaded 95 (Europe and Asia), Shell Nitrogen<br>Enriched (US) Gasoline | 42,900              |  |
| Shell FuelSave Diesel (Europe), Shell Diesel (Asia and US)                             | 42,600              |  |
| Ethanol E100   | 26,900              |  |
| Hydrogen   | 119,930             |  |

iii. Example: 1,000 km is covered with one litre of Shell FuelSave Diesel and the total electrical energy consumed is 200 kJ. Given that the general density values of diesel and gasoline are 0.83716 and 0.7646 kg/l @ 15°C respectively, and NCVs as per the table above, then the corresponding gasoline equivalent volumes consumed are:

Diesel:  $1 \times 0.83716 \times 42600 / (42900 \times 0.7646) = 1.09$  litres gasoline Electricity:  $200 / 0.25 / 0.75 / (42900 \times 0.7646) = 0.03$  litres gasoline Nett = 1.09 + 0.03 = 1.12 litres gasoline

Where:

0.25 = efficiency of the engine conversion process 0.75 = the efficiency of engine driven alternator generated electricity

The final fuel consumption result is thus: Fuel consumption (km/l) = 1000 / 1.12 = 892.9 km/litre gasoline equivalent at a referencetemperature of 15 °C

- iv. The results for hybrid vehicles will be expressed based on the primary energy used.
- e) Results for Battery Electric vehicles will be expressed in kilometres per kilowatt hour (km/kWh), or miles/kWh depending on region, and will be determined by using a joulemeter supplied by the Organisers.
- f) Hydrogen Fuel Cell vehicles will use a flow meter to measure the H<sub>2</sub> consumed, and for Urban Concept vehicles, the energy consumed from the starter or accessory battery will be measured by the joulemeter. The results will be calculated using the NCV of H<sub>2</sub> listed above and expressed in km/m<sup>3</sup> hydrogen.

#### ARTICLE 55: FUELS SUPPLY AND HANDLING

- a) Only the fuels listed in <u>Article 53</u> will be provided to the Participants by the Organisers during the event.
- b) No additives may be added to the fuel. Only the energy derived from the combustion of the fuel in the presence of air alone within the engine system may be used for forward propulsion. No other material that could serve as engine fuel may be used at any time during the event.
- c) Participants handling fuel must wear safety glasses and chemically resistant gloves.
- d) No additives, catalysts, water injection, or fuel treatment devices are allowed.

#### ARTICLE 56: JOULEMETERS

- a) Joulemeters will be provided by the Organisers and must be installed on all Urban Concept, prototype battery electric, and selected Prototype ICE and hydrogen vehicles.
- b) The Organisers will provide a joulemeter to selected Teams at the event.
- c) Joulemeters must be installed inside the engine compartment. Joulemeters mounted outside the vehicle are not allowed.
  - i. For internal combustion vehicles, the joulemeter must be easy to read and reset.

Easy to read means someone standing outside the vehicle can easily read the screen of the joulemeter and have access to the on-off switch at the side or the push button on the front of the joulemeter.

- ii. For battery electric and hydrogen vehicles, the joulemeter(s) must be positioned so that the display can be easily read and reset from outside the vehicle without the removal of any vehicle body components. It is acceptable to access the joulemeter from outside the vehicle though a hinged door.
- d) Joulemeter placement in vehicle electrical circuit:
  - i. For Urban Concept and non-battery electric Prototype vehicles, the joulemeter must be installed between the battery and the vehicle electrical system.

For ICE vehicles, the starter motor cable must be connected after the joulemeter but before the main vehicle fuse. This placement is to insure the joulemeter measures the starter energy. The starter motor is not required to be fused.

- ii. For Prototype battery electric vehicles, the joulemeter should be located between the vehicle electrical system and the motor controller.
- iii. For Urban Concept hydrogen vehicles without an accessory battery, the joulemeter must be installed between the external starter battery and the vehicle electrical system. (See <u>Article 65:k)ii</u>)
- iv. For Urban Concept hydrogen vehicles with a supercapacitor a joulemeter must be installed to measure the supercapacitor voltage.
- v. The horn circuit may be powered by a separate circuit connected directly to the battery. (See <u>Article</u> <u>31:d</u>).

This means the horn circuit does not need to pass through the joulemeter (if installed) and the horn energy will not be measured by the joulemeter

- vi. For Urban Concept vehicles using hybrid technology, the Organisers may ask Teams to install a joulemeter to measure the supercapacitor voltage. (See <u>Article 63</u>)
- e) The location and placement of the joulemeter(s) will be verified during technical inspection.

#### SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

#### ARTICLE 57: VEHICLE ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

a) For safety reasons, the maximum voltage on board of any vehicle at any point must not exceed 48 Volts nominal or 60 Volts max. (This includes on-board batteries, external batteries, supercapacitors, fuel cell stack, etc.)

# TECH BATTERY SAFETY

- b) For all energy types, only one vehicle battery is allowed.
  - i. For ICE and hydrogen fuel cell vehicles this is called the accessory battery (see Article 57:h)
  - ii. For battery electric vehicles this is called the propulsion battery, which means that an accessory battery is not allowed.

Battery definition: A 'battery' is defined as a source of electrical energy, which has exactly two connectors and can be described as a unit. This unit may contain more than one sub-unit. If more than one sub-units are used they should be packaged together in a single physical package. The package may be made of any material provided it contains the entire battery.

- c) The battery must be fixed outside of the Driver's compartment behind the bulkhead. (See <u>Article 27</u>) Batteries mounted directly under the driver's seat are not allowed.
- d) If Lithium-based batteries are used,
  - i. Battery Management Systems (BMS) must be tailored to the lithium chemistry to control and protect the battery against risk of fire.
    - 1. The BMS must provide cell balancing and overvoltage protection during off-track charging.
    - For battery electric vehicles, the additional requirement of cell level over-discharge, cell level overcurrent and battery over-temperature must be provided as part of the on-vehicle system. The BMS must AUTOMATICALLY isolate the battery, without operator intervention, if a limit or out of range condition is reached on any of the above parameters.
    - 3. For battery electric vehicles, the on-vehicle BMS must be located in the physical battery package (See <u>Article 57:b)ii</u> above.)
  - ii. For all self-built batteries, the following applies (note: a battery with a separately purchased BMS is also considered a self-built battery).
    - If there are one or more cells or modules, the overcurrent protection value for cells in parallel must be selected such that under normal operating or expected failure conditions, no single cell will be exposed to current beyond its rating.
    - 2. All cells or modules must be identical in configuration. (i.e. a battery constructed from cells of different capacities is not allowed).

*If the BMS is purchased separate from the battery, ensure it is compatible with battery chemistry. Example: Li-Polymer (LiPo) batteries require a BMS designed for LiPo batteries.* 

- iii. Charging of batteries must be done with the battery charger purchased together with the battery or a purpose-built charger specifically suited to the given battery chemistry. For self-built batteries, Teams must demonstrate that the charger is suitable and is integrated with the BMS system.
- iv. The maximum capacity of any Lithium-based battery used is 1,000 Wh. For batteries not rated in Wh, the Wh rating is calculated by multiplying the amp-hour rating of the battery by its nominal voltage.

- v. Protection for Lithium-based battery charging, whether in or out of the vehicle must be provided, see <u>Article 24:h</u>.
- vi. Any Lithium based battery must be equipped with a solid metal containment tray under the battery OR the battery must be enclosed in a battery charging bag. Either the tray or bag must be suitable to prevent the battery, in the event of a battery fire, from burning through the battery mounting or the vehicle body and dropping to the ground or in the engine compartment in the event of a vehicle rollover. Lightweight aluminium, other semi-metallic materials, or non-solid trays are not acceptable as metal containment.
- vii. Power tool or hand-held equipment batteries are not permitted as a Battery Electric vehicle propulsion battery.
- viii. Printed manufacturer's documentation for lithium-based batteries and the associated battery management system must be available for review during technical inspection. (See <u>Article 58:c</u>)
- e) All batteries and Supercapacitors must be short circuit protected. Protection may be in the form of a fuse, fusible link, or a current interrupting device (circuit breaker). Automatic reclosing current interrupting devices are not allowed. Short circuit protection devices must be located on the positive conductor and as close as possible, or a maximum 300 mm from the positive terminal of the battery or Supercapacitor. The rating of the short circuit protection device must enable the battery or Supercapacitor to always supply enough short circuit current to open the device. For vehicles with a starter motor, the starter motor cable is NOT required to be protected.
- f) For safety reasons, both the positive and negative circuits of the propulsion battery (for Battery Electric vehicles) and Supercapacitors must be electrically isolated from the vehicle body, frame, and metal components.
- g) All vehicle electrical circuits must be protected against electrical overload. Overload protection may be in the form of fixed current limits within electric controllers or by the insertion of individual circuit fuses.
- h) Accessory battery
  - i. The accessory battery provides all allowed vehicle electrical needs such as safety devices (windscreen wipers, lights, hydrogen sensors, hydrogen relays and hydrogen shutdown valve), ignition, fuel injection control, and starter motor.
  - ii. The accessory battery may also power electrically driven engine components such as engine oil and cooling pumps, electric turbo compounding, electromechanical variable valve timing, compressors/ blowers, etc. The use of electric fuel pumps is not allowed.

#### Only Urban Concept vehicles can utilise electrically driven engine components.

- i) The following devices may be powered by batteries other than the vehicle battery provided they use builtin batteries: radio communication system and driver ventilation.
- j) All electrical/electronic enclosures purchased or built by the Teams must be made of transparent material or at least have a transparent cover to allow the technical inspectors to view the contents.
- k) Electrical wiring must be in good condition, neat, secured and not close to moving parts. All wiring connections and terminations must be visible and easily accessible. Splices are not allowed.

## ARTICLE 58: TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

# TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS

- a) Competitors need to provide technical documentation in two stages:
  - Prior to the event during the online submittal process (see <u>Article 58:b</u>)
     This documentation serves only to verify that the Teams understand the Rules. Online approval in no way constitutes a pre-approval for the Technical Inspection phase.
  - ii. At the event (see <u>Article 58:c</u>) This should be a precise technical description of the vehicle. During technical inspection, the documentation will be compared against the vehicle. Deviations between the technical documentation and the vehicle will be required to be reconciled prior to passing technical inspection.
- b) Technical Documentation prior to event.
  - i. Competitors must provide, through the online submittal process, documentation on the vehicle energy supply and propulsion system. It is not necessary to submit detailed component specifications or electrical schematics as part of the online submittal process.
  - ii. Energy supply block diagram

The online submitted energy supply block diagram and associated text description must contain information describing the energy flow and component function for the vehicle energy systems. Specific items to be included in the block diagram for each energy category are listed below:

- ICE: engine, fuel tank, fuel line, injector, pressure relief valves, pressure regulators, pressure gauge, compressed air bottle, vehicle cut-off mechanism
- H2: Fuel cell, cylinder, solenoid valve, pressure regulator, flow meter, motor controller, motor, supercapacitor, vehicle cut-off mechanism
- BE: Motor, battery/BMS, fuse, wiring, e-stop switches, motor controller, vehicle cut-off mechanism
- iii. Propulsion system block diagram

The online submitted propulsion system block diagram and associated text description must contain information describing the propulsion mechanism for each energy category below:

- ICE: Engine/Motor to road (engine, transmission, clutch, wheel, motor, supercapacitor, motor controller)
- H2: Motor to road
- BE: Motor to road
- c) Technical Documentation at event (to be reviewed during Technical Inspection)
  - i. Competitors must have available for inspection with the vehicle printed documentation describing selective technical aspects of the vehicle. The printed documentation must be bound and divided into the following sections. The specific required sections for each energy category are defined below.

#### ICE energy category

- Energy Supply Diagram
- Propulsion System Diagram
- Electrical Schematic

## SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

- Hybrid System +
- Battery/BMS ++

#### Battery Electric energy category

- Energy Supply Diagram (Electrical Schematic)
- Propulsion System Diagram
- Battery/BMS
- Motor/Motor Controller

#### Hydrogen category

- Energy Supply Diagram
- Propulsion System Diagram
- Fuel Cell
- Electrical Schematic
- Motor/Motor Controller
- Supercapacitor +
- Battery/BMS ++
  - + If included in the vehicle
  - ++ If a Lithium-based accessory battery is included in the vehicle
- ii. The minimal contents of each of the above required sections are defined below.
  - Energy Supply Diagram: include updated diagrams and associated descriptive text as defined in <u>Article 58:b</u> above.
  - Electrical Schematic: provide a vehicle level schematic showing all vehicle wiring and associated components and connections. The schematic should include component values such as voltage levels and fuse ratings. Schematics of components such as the engine management system or fuel cell controller are not required in this section.
  - Hybrid System: include manufacturers' component specifications at the lowest level of purchased components. Include diagrams describing the power flow into and out of the hybrid system. Include supercapacitor documentation (see the supercapacitor section below).
  - Battery/BMS: (For Lithium-based batteries only) Provide battery/BMS manufacturer component specifications at the lowest level of purchased components. At minimum, the battery documentation should include cell chemistry, cell electrical characteristics, cell series or parallel configurations, battery voltage, and current ratings. The BMS data MUST include:
    - 1. Cell over-voltage and under-voltage protection limits
    - 2. Battery over-current limit (not required for accessory battery)
    - 3. Operation of cell balancing (how and when)
    - 4. Battery over-temperature limit (not required for accessory battery)

- 5. How the BMS will protect the battery when an over-voltage, under-voltage, over-current or over-temperature condition is reached, i.e. how will the BMS protect or isolate the battery, in the case of Battery Electric Vehicles, when these limits are reached?
- Motor/Motor Controller: Provide motor/motor controller manufacturers component specifications at the lowest level of purchased components. For Battery Electric Vehicles, include design documentation on the purpose-built motor controller. The documentation may contain control flow diagrams, motor controller and sub-component schematics and PC board layouts if PC boards were used. Also, include software documentation if software was written as part of the motor controller development.
- Fuel Cell: Provide fuel cell manufacturers component specifications at the lowest level of purchased components. This should also include the surface area of the fuel cells, rated power and voltage.
- Supercapacitors: Provide supercapacitor manufacturers component specifications at the lowest level of purchased components. At a minimum, include supercapacitor system rated voltage and maximum current.

# **4B – INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES**

## ARTICLE 59: PROPULSION

The type and design of the internal combustion engines are not restricted; however, they must run only on the fuel provided by the Organisers and must not consume any engine oil (2 stroke engines are not allowed).

#### ARTICLE 60: OTHER ON-BOARD ENERGY SOURCES

a) For all fuel categories stored pneumatic energy not replaced during the competition by the engine may only be used for the fuel injection system. Fuel pumps are permitted for all fuels provided they are mechanically driven by the engine only.

Electric fuel pumps are prohibited.

- b) It is permitted to pressurise the liquid fuel tanks, to feed the engine, only under the following conditions:
  - Pressurisation is done by means of a translucent compressed air bottle fitted with a safety valve set to 5 bars maximum - or the lower operation pressure of the vehicle system. This safety valve must be located between the pressurised air bottle and the pressure regulator.
  - ii. The pressurisation is done in the starting area by means of an air pump.
  - iii. The Driver must not modify the pressure during the competition.
- c) Auxiliary energy sources (chemical, latent energy from phase changes, etc.) are not permitted.
- d) For Urban Concept vehicles engine temperature can be regulated with a pressurized pure water or commercially available coolant in a cooling system powered by an electrical pump.
- e) For Prototype vehicles, if the engine temperature is regulated with water, the said regulation should be limited to the use of pure, un-pressurised water as coolant and a mechanical water pump.
- f) The external regulation temperature of the engine by external heating devices is limited to 100°C.
- g) The use of vacuum from air intake cannot be used for auxiliary equipment such as clutches.

#### 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

## ARTICLE 61: FUEL TANKS (ICE VEHICLES)

a) The vehicle must be equipped with only one of the following approved fuel tanks supplied by the Organisers:

Tank capacities: Prototype: 30, 100 or 250 cc

Urban Concept: 30, 100, 250 or 350 cc

b) Only tanks bearing a clearly visible stamp proving its "APAVE" certification compliance can be used for pressurised systems.

APAVE tests fuel tanks and certifies their ability to withstand a pressure of five bar.

- c) The fuel tank must be mounted in an accessible and zero-degree vertical position which allows in-situ filling with a burette of approximately 1 metre height.
- d) The fuel tank must be mounted in a way that its top is at least 50 mm below the roll bar and far from any moving parts, batteries, heat and ignition sources.
- e) The fuel tank cap, whether it is leak proof or not (drilled), must be in place during the competition. For diesel engines, a small (<3 mm) hole must be drilled in the centre of the cap to allow air to enter the tank, hence allow fuel out.
- f) Fuel return lines must be fed into the fuel feed line below the fuel tank. For diesel engines, the return line can be fitted to the fuel cap only if the engine was originally equipped with a manual priming pump and this return line and the pump have not been modified.
- g) Teams must equip their vehicle with clear fuel lines which are not prone to expansion when pressurised (max. internal diameter 8 mm).
- h) For all pressurised fuel systems, the hoses connecting the pressure bottle to the fuel tank cap must be flexible (do not need to be Rilsan/Nylon type) to allow easy connection and to prevent side loading to the tank necks.

# ARTICLE 62: FUEL SYSTEM

- a) Participants must provide a description and a precise technical drawing of the fuel supply system from tank to engine.
- b) This system must be designed that it can be completely drained and refilled before the competition.
- c) The fuel line between the tank and the engine must not include any additional components, for example filters. A second valve directly at the bottom of the fuel tank is tolerated.
- d) For diesel engines, a cut-off solenoid valve is required. (See <u>Article 37:c</u>)
- e) Engines with carburettors are prohibited (Fuel injection is mandatory).
- f) The air intake manifolds must not contain any fuel (or be able to accumulate any fuel) or blow-by gas when the vehicle is on the starting line prior to departure. Air filters are not allowed in the intake system. Blow-by gas must not be recycled during the competition but must be collected in a specific canister for environmental protection.

Blow-by gas: gas inside the engine (oil vapours, unburnt fuel, or gas in the combustion chamber that has not been evacuated in the exhaust). This gas is usually recovered at the intake manifold. This is known as blow-by gas re-circulation.

g) The fuel system must be easily accessible for inspection and measurements.

- h) It must be possible to set the fuel supply system to atmospheric pressure for measurement of the fuel level. The pressurisation system must be equipped with a pressure gauge and normal running pressure must be clearly marked on the gauge.
- i) The standard fuel consumption measurement method for liquid fuels is by volumetric replacement of the fuel consumed with a temperature corrected volume of the fuel.
- j) The fuel consumption of all ICE vehicles that have achieved more than 1500 km/l (3,528 mpg) will be measured gravimetrically. At the start, the Technical Team will fill the fuel system, and the entire fuel system (including tank, injector, pipes, injector) will be weighed on a precision balance. All the components must be compact and easily detachable for weighing purposes. After completion of a successful run, the entire fuel system will be removed and weighed again on the same balance. This handling of the fuel system and transportation to the weighing room must be performed by a competent Team Member who has a valid access pass. The handling of the fuel system will be supervised by a Technical Team Member who will also perform the weighing, which must be witnessed by a Participant.
- k) Fuel is a volatile product. Therefore, it is not allowed to artificially increase the fuel system temperature, which would lead to the formation of vapour locks. Conversely, cooling or refrigeration of the fuel below ambient temperature is also prohibited.

# ARTICLE 63: VEHICLES USING HYBRID TECHNOLOGY

- a) A Supercapacitor is the only allowed energy storage device for hybrid vehicles. Mechanical or hydraulic energy storage is not permitted. The use of any battery in the hybrid propulsion system is forbidden.
- b) This capacitor must be the only source of stored energy for the electric motor driving the vehicle.
- c) Two connectors must be installed safely outside the vehicle to allow the voltage measurement on the starting line. These must be labelled "Supercapacitor Voltage".
- d) The state of charge of the Supercapacitor will be checked before and after each run by measuring its voltage. The voltage registered after the run must be at least equal to the voltage registered before the run. In the event of the contrary, the Supercapacitor must be re-charged by running the engine until its voltage is equal to the voltage registered before the run. The time required to recharge the Supercapacitor by running the engine after the competition is added to the recorded time of the relevant run. A joulemeter may be used to measure the Supercapacitor voltage. (See <u>Article 56:d</u>) iv)
- e) The electric circuitry must be correctly fused to prevent overloading any of its parts. The fuse needs to be clearly labelled in the technical drawings and easily accessible for Technical Inspection (see <u>Article 57:g</u>).

# ARTICLE 64: STARTER

- a) An electric starter must be used during the competition. Manual hand starting is prohibited.
- b) It must be clearly established that the starter is never capable of providing any forward propulsion to the vehicle.
- c) For Prototype vehicles only a clearly visible red indicator light called the starter light, equivalent in its luminescence to a 21 W light bulb, must be installed on the rear of the vehicle and must be clearly visible from both sides of the track to signal any operation of the starter motor.
- d) If Track Marshals report the repeated or intensive use of the electric starter by a Team, the Organisers reserve the right to order an immediate inspection of the vehicle. If any non-compliance is observed, the Team will be penalised accordingly.

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

e) At the start, the starter and the starter light must be extinguished by the time the rear wheel of the vehicle crosses the start line. Failing to comply will invalidate the run and count towards the maximum number of attempts.

# **4C – ELECTRIC PROPULSION**

# ARTICLE 65: FUEL CELL POWERED VEHICLES

# TECH HYDROGEN SAFETY

- a) Fuel system
  - i. Participants must provide a description and a process flow diagram of the fuel supply system.
  - ii. The fuel system must be easily accessible for inspection and measurements.
  - iii. The fuel cell must run by itself. The electricity needed for temperature regulation, fan, compressor, electronic management system for the fuel cell and the electric motor must be supplied by the fuel cell and not by the accessory battery.
  - iv. The hydrogen system must be designed as follows:

 $H_2$  cylinder  $\rightarrow$  Pressure regulator directly attached to the cylinder  $\rightarrow$  Emergency shutdown value directly attached to the outlet of the pressure regulator  $\rightarrow$  Flow meter  $\rightarrow$  Fuel Cell

- v. The flow meter must be fixed at the inlet of the fuel cell. Both must be at the same pressure.
- b) Hydrogen cylinders

iv.

- i. Fuel cell -powered vehicle must use a compressed hydrogen cylinder, referred to hereafter as a cylinder, as provided by the Organisers during the entire event. Only one cylinder may be fitted to a vehicle.
- ii. Cartridges and other means of hydrogen storage are not permitted.
- iii. For Prototypes vehicles, the following cylinders will be provided:

| Europe:     | B04 cylinder, 0.4 litre of hydrogen at 200 bar<br>(60 mm/320 mm) 1.4 kg  |
|-------------|--|
| Americas:   | Exchange cylinder ~ 152 bar<br>5.3″ X 17.1″ (135 mm x 434 mm), 8.6 lbs. (3.9 kg)   |
| Asia:       | Catalina MD cylinder, 2.9 litre of hydrogen @139 bar<br>(111 mm x 424 mm), 2.4 kg  |
| For Urban C | Concept vehicles, the following cylinders will be provided:  |
| Europe:     | B1 cylinder, 1 litre of hydrogen at 200 bar<br>(100 mm x 350 mm) 2.57 kg<br>and<br>B04 cylinder, 0.4 litre of hydrogen at 200 bar<br>(60 mm/320 mm) 1.4 kg |
| Americas:   | Exchange cylinder ~ 152 bar<br>5.3″ X 17.1″ (135 mm x 434 mm), 8.6 lbs. (3.9 kg)   |
| Asia:       | Catalina MD cylinder, 2.9 litre of hydrogen @139 bar<br>(111 mm x 424 mm), 2.4 kg  |
|             |  |

SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

- v. All cylinders must be installed on the vehicle under the supervision of the Technical Team. Participants are not allowed to keep any cylinders in their possession overnight. Upon arrival at the circuit, Team Managers must contact the Technical Team, who will organise all relevant logistics.
- vi. The cylinder must be installed securely in the vehicle to minimise movement and stress on pipework when the vehicle is moving.
- c) Ventilation

The vehicle body must allow for ventilation at the highest point of the fuel cell compartment, providing an orifice with a minimum opening of 500 mm<sup>2</sup>. Another 500 mm<sup>2</sup> opening must be provided at the highest point of the driver compartment.

- d) Hydrogen detector
  - i. A hydrogen sensor must be installed in the fuel cell compartment, near the main ventilation orifice mentioned above. This hydrogen sensor must drive the emergency shutdown valve and relay mentioned below. The trip level of the hydrogen sensor must be tuned to 25% of the LEL (Lower Explosive Limit) of hydrogen, i.e. 1% of hydrogen in air. A test will be carried out during the technical inspection.

For commercial Fuel Cells with integrated  $H_2$  detector it is still required to fit a  $H_2$  sensor as described above.

- ii. The reset of the hydrogen detector, i.e., the hydrogen sensor and its electronics, must be done manually via a switch located in the fuel cell compartment. This switch must not be accessible by the Driver from the cockpit.
- e) Emergency shutdown valve and relay
  - i. The hydrogen supply circuit must be equipped with a solenoid emergency shutdown valve. This valve must be normally closed in the absence of electricity.
  - ii. The power supply to the motor must be automatically cut off at the same time as the above emergency shutdown valve is activated. This is to be achieved by a suitable fail-safe relay.
  - iii. This valve and relay must be activated by any of the following three scenarios:
    - 1. Through hydrogen detection as explained above
    - 2. Through the emergency push-button located on the outside of the vehicle. The emergency shutdown sticker provided by the Organisers must be positioned on the vehicle body to clearly indicate the place of this emergency push-button. (See <u>Article 37:f</u>).
    - 3. Through another emergency push-button, accessible by the Driver in driving position
  - iv. In case of activation by one of these three scenarios, the valve and relay must act simultaneously.
  - v. These three scenarios will be tested during Technical Inspection and before each attempt.
- f) Pipes and connections of the hydrogen circuit
  - i. In all cases, piping and connectors of the hydrogen circuit must be designed for hydrogen use. The Team Manager must be able to present during the technical inspection the technical data sheets from the manufacturer of these piping and connectors to show that they are suitable for hydrogen use.

The use of PTFE pipes is recommended. PU tubing should not be used as this tends to leak.

ii. If the pressure in the hydrogen circuit is higher than 1.5 bar absolute (= 0.5 bar above atmospheric pressure) piping must be made of steel and connectors must be screw/compression type.

- iii. If the pressure in the hydrogen circuit is lower than 1.5 bar absolute (= 0.5 bar above atmospheric pressure) flexible piping and unscrewed connectors are accepted.
- iv. PTFE (Teflon) sealing tape must not be used because it can damage the flow meter. In any case Participants are responsible for damage to the flow meter due to wrong connections.
- v. H<sub>2</sub> piping and equipment must be protected from overpressure at 90% or lower of their maximum pressure rating.

In case of the use of pressure relief valves, they must be vented outside through the top section of the vehicle. The exhaust tubing must be well secured to the vehicle.

g) Purge pipe

If a purge pipe is needed, its end must be located outside the vehicle.

- h) Measurements and Equivalencies
  - i. The consumption of hydrogen is measured by an embedded flow meter. The flow meter will be checked/calibrated by the Organisers before Technical Inspection.
  - ii. Only flow meters specified by the Organisers are permitted. For Urban Concept cars at regional events, refer to <u>Article 70</u>.
  - iii. The volume of hydrogen consumed is posted in normal litres. The display of the flow meter must be easy to read from outside the vehicle, when the vehicle body is closed. It must be inaccessible by the Driver in normal driving position.
  - iv. The serial number on the hydrogen flow meter must not be covered or removed.
- i) Oxygen and air reserves

Oxygen for the fuel cell's operation must be from the surrounding air, not from oxygen tanks or compressed air reserves.

- j) Supercapacitors
  - i. If an embedded electric storage device is part of the powertrain, it must be of capacitor type, referred to hereafter as 'Supercapacitor'. Other types of embedded electric storage device (Pb, NiMh, etc. batteries) are forbidden.
  - ii. The state of charge of the Supercapacitor will be checked before and after each run by measuring the Supercapacitor voltage. Two measurement points (Supercapacitor voltage + and - a labelled "Supercapacitor voltage") must be installed outside the vehicle to allow the voltage measurement on the starting line. For Urban Concept vehicles a joulemeter will be used to measure the Supercapacitor voltage. (See <u>Article 56:d) iv</u>)
  - iii. The voltage registered after the run must be at least equal to the voltage registered before the run. In the event of the contrary, the Supercapacitor must be re-charged by running the fuel cell until their voltage is equal to the voltage registered before the run. The additional time required to recharge the Supercapacitor by running the fuel cell after the competition is added to the recorded time of the relevant run.
  - iv. The maximum Supercapacitor voltage must not exceed that referenced in Article 57:a).
- k) Fuel cell starter battery
  - i. Accessory battery

If the accessory battery can be electrically isolated from the fuel cell output, the accessory battery

can be used to start the fuel cell. The battery is considered electrically isolated when energy from the accessory battery cannot contribute to vehicle propulsion.

ii. External battery

If the accessory battery cannot be isolated from the fuel cell output, an external battery must be used on the starting line to start the fuel cell system.

- 1. As soon as the vehicle starts to move, this battery must be unplugged.
- 2. Two connectors must be installed outside the vehicle to allow a quick connection and fuel cell system start on the starting line. These external connectors must be securely fastened to the vehicle.
- As mentioned in <u>Article 57:h]i</u>, it is mandatory to power the hydrogen detector using the accessory battery. This battery must also power the emergency shutdown valve, relay and lighting system for Urban Concept vehicles.
- I) Electrical circuit/Electronics
  - i. All wiring associated with the accessory battery circuit must be clearly distinguishable from the propulsion system by physical isolation or the use of different wire colours.
  - ii. A fuse must be installed on the positive terminal of the fuel cell stack. Its melting current (expressed in Amps) must be less than the active area (expressed in square centimetres) of one cell of the stack. For instance, if the active surface of one cell of a 20-cell stack is 60 cm<sup>2</sup>, the melting current of the fuse must not exceed 60 A.
  - iii. If a Supercapacitor is used in the circuit, a fuse must be installed on the positive terminal of the Supercapacitor pack. The fuse rating must be less than or equal to the maximum usable power divided by the rated voltage.
- m) Other equipment

Compressors, fans and coolers for the fuel cell system must be powered by the fuel cell or Supercapacitor, not by the accessory battery.

# ARTICLE 66: NOT USED

## ARTICLE 67: BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLES

a) The drive train in the Battery Electric category is restricted to a maximum of one electric storage device, and up to two electric motors, with associated control units. The electric motors may be purchased, purchased-and-modified, or purpose-built. The motor controller MUST be purpose-built for the Shell Eco-marathon. Modifications to purchased motor controllers or the use of purchased motor controller evaluation kits are not acceptable. Motor controllers built from sub-components such as single-board computers, power stages, etc. are encouraged. If a motor controller is built incorporating one or more printed circuit boards (PCBs), the text "SEM" must be included in the mask of the PCB etching. If the motor controller includes controlling software, the software must be developed or integrated for the Shell Ecomarathon.



b) Only Lithium-based batteries are permitted as electric storage devices.

c) The vehicle must be equipped with an onboard Battery Management System (BMS) to control and protect the battery against risk of fire as defined in <u>Article 57:d</u>.

Any BMS for propulsion batteries must provide an AUTOMATIC isolation of this battery in the event of any measured parameters getting out of their designed range.

- d) The Lithium-based battery and any accessory circuits are subject to the maximum voltage defined in <u>Article</u> <u>57</u>:a.
- e) Participants are required to present a printed copy of their electrical schematics at Technical Inspection. (See <u>Article 58:c</u>)
- f) The vehicle battery must be placed outside the Driver's compartment behind the bulkhead and securely mounted. Bungee cords or other elastic materials are not permitted for securing the battery. See <u>Article</u> <u>25:h.</u>
- g) All electrical circuits must be protected as defined in <u>Article 57:g</u>.
- h) All 'Battery Electric' vehicles which complete a successful run will be classified in descending order of fuel economy, expressed in distance/kWh, where distance is either miles or km depending on the region.

# 5. ON-VEHICLE TELEMETRY EQUIPMENT

# ARTICLE 68: GENERAL

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- a) For selected events, all Urban Concept vehicles must install the telemetry system provided by the Organisers for the duration of the event. This telemetry system is composed of an onboard computer (consisting of an antenna pod and a backbone), a dedicated battery system and cables, and one or more energy measurement sensors, dependent on the vehicle's energy type.
- b) The use of telemetry equipment is limited to selected events.
- c) All Urban Concept ICE vehicles that use a sparkplug must use a resistive type sparkplug and plug wire.
- d) Teams are responsible for ensuring their vehicle electrical system is compatible with on-vehicle telemetry equipment. While there is no direct electrical connection between the telemetry equipment and vehicle electrical system, vehicle electrical noise may interfere with the operation of the telemetry equipment. If Teams are using their own telemetry equipment, it must not interfere with the Organisers' telemetry system. Organisers will work with Teams to mitigate vehicle electrical system noise impacting the operation of the telemetry equipment, but if not resolved, Teams may not be allowed to compete in the Shell Eco-marathon Mileage Challenge and/or World Championship.

# ARTICLE 69: ONBOARD COMPUTER

- a) Mounting location must be approved by the Organisers and instructions will be provided.
- b) The onboard computer will be powered by a dedicated battery system provided by the Organisers. The dedicated battery system must remain isolated from the vehicle electrical system. Teams are responsible for charging the provided telemetry battery.
- c) The external antenna pod must be mounted on the outside of vehicles that has an unobstructed view of the sky and its LED's must be visible from the side of the vehicle. The mounting of this antenna requires a 32 mm diameter hole in the body of the vehicle.

# ARTICLE 70: HYDROGEN FLOW METER

- a) All Urban Concept Hydrogen vehicles must be fitted with the hydrogen flowmeter which is provided by the event Organisers. The onboard computer will be connected to the flowmeter via a one-meter cable.
- b) The hydrogen flowmeter is a Vögtlin Red-y smart series Hi performance GSM-B9TA-BN00 calibrated for Shell Eco-marathon.

# ARTICLE 71: LIQUID FLOWMETER

- a) All Urban Concept Internal Combustion Engine vehicles must be fitted with the liquid flowmeter, which is provided by the event Organisers. The liquid flowmeter will be connected to the onboard computer backbone via a one-meter cable.
- b) The liquid flowmeter is a Max Machinery Model POO1 specially modified for the Shell Eco-marathon. The liquid flowmeter must be installed below the fuel injector by the Teams prior to Technical Inspection.

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

## ARTICLE 72: JOULEMETERS

a) Joulemeters will be used to measure the vehicle electrical energy and will be installed in all Urban Concept vehicles, see <u>Article 56</u>. In Urban Concept vehicles, the Joulemeter will be connected to the onboard computer backbone via a Imeter cable.

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

# 6. GLOBAL VIRTUAL PROGRAMME AND OFF-TRACK AWARDS

The Shell Eco-marathon 2022 season offers a two-part programme – one virtual, including a Virtual League, and one on-track, with physical events subject to appropriate health and safety measures being met in each region.

ATTENTION: Safety rules described in Chapter I are applicable for all component competitions of the season, both virtual and on-track. In virtual competitions where photos and videos of the vehicle are used, safety-related articles must still be followed, including the use of PPE and all the directives described in Articles 21-24.

#### ARTICLE 90: VIRTUAL PROGRAMME OVERVIEW

- a) The Virtual League is designed to recognise and reward the achievements of Teams throughout this season and will consist of the component competitions listed below, independent from any on-track competitions that may take place in 2022. All registered Shell Eco-marathon Teams are eligible to participate in any or all virtual component competitions, and Teams will be awarded points for their performance in the respective challenges according to the table presented in <u>Article 91</u>. Competition dates for each component competition will be announced on the <u>Shell Eco-marathon website</u>. The component competitions of the 2022 Virtual League are:
  - i. Quiz a fun challenge to test the Teams' knowledge on Shell Eco-marathon history, energy, technology, motorsports trivia and more.
  - ii. **Future Rider** Teams are challenged to create the car of the future inspired by the '80s most iconic cars an energy-efficient vehicle engineered for the modern world.
  - iii. Pitch the Future a real-world energy challenge, powered by Shell and industry partners.
  - iv. Autonomous Programming Competition the competition requires Teams to improve the performance of control software for a baseline simulated autonomous vehicle.
  - v. Virtual Off-Track Awards (See Section 6B) recognising and rewarding the wide range of skills that go into each Shell Eco-marathon project far beyond the track.
  - vi. **Bonus Challenge** optional surprise virtual challenges that may be offered throughout the season for extra points in the Virtual League.
- b) Teams wishing to participate in any Virtual League component competition must register their Team through the Shell Eco-marathon registration website as part of the general season registration. Participation in the Virtual Programme is voluntary but, in case of oversubscribed on-track events, may be taken into consideration for the Team selection process.

#### ARTICLE 91: VIRTUAL LEAGUE POINTS AND WINNERS

- a) Teams will have a chance to earn points for each of the league component competitions. The winner of the 2022 Shell Eco-marathon Global Virtual League will be the Team with the highest number of points at the end of the Virtual Programme, around mid-year 2022.
- b) Points available for each component competition are as follows:

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

|                       | Autonomous Programming | Quiz                         | Future Rider                       | Pitch the Future                   | Virtual Off-Track Awards*  |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
|                       | (global)               | (per region)                 | (per region)                       | (per challenge, per region)        | (per category, per region) |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> Place | 150                    | 50                           | 100                                | 100                                | 100                        |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> Place | 125                    | 49                           | 85                                 | 85                                 | 85                         |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> Place | 100                    | 48                           | 70                                 | 70                                 |                            |
| 4 <sup>th</sup> Place | 75                     | 47                           |                                    |                                    |                            |
| 5 <sup>th</sup> Place | 50                     | 46                           |                                    |                                    |                            |
| 6 <sup>th</sup> Place | 25                     | 45                           |                                    |                                    |                            |
|                       |                        | () 50 <sup>th</sup> place: 1 | Global winner:<br>Addtl. 50 points | Global winner:<br>Addtl. 50 points |                            |

\*Please refer to Section 6B for more information on the Off-Track Awards. Note that the Virtual Off-Track Awards points refer to the following four categories: Communications, Simulate to Innovate supported by Altair, Data and Telemetry supported by Schmid Elektronik, and Carbon Footprint Reduction.

- c) The Virtual League table with each Team's points and standing will be updated periodically and can be viewed through the <u>Shell Eco-marathon website</u>.
- d) For prize money amounts associated with each component competition and the overall Virtual League winners, please refer to Section 7.

# **6A – VIRTUAL TECHNICAL INSPECTION**

## ARTICLE 92: DEFINITION

- a) The Virtual Technical Inspection is designed to be an optional replacement for an on-track event only, it is not a fixed component of the 2022 season. If an announced on-track event (with date and venue published) cannot take place for any reason, it may be replaced by a Virtual Technical Inspection. This will be applied at the Organisers' discretion on a case-by-case basis and any prizes awarded will not count towards the Virtual League. The Virtual Technical Inspection will be based on a subset of the Chapter I Rules as defined in Appendix 2 and is intended for Teams to demonstrate their compliance with the current version of the rules. All inspections will be performed by Shell Eco-marathon Subject Matter Experts. All decisions are final.
- b) A key factor is the safety elements of a Team's vehicle. Teams must understand that participating in the Virtual Technical Inspection does not constitute or imply that any vehicle is deemed valid or safe enough to operate on any road or track for testing or competition purposes.

## ARTICLE 93: VIDEO

- a) The Team must provide an English narrated video as part of the Virtual Technical Inspection. The maximum time allowed for the video is seven (7) minutes. Videos longer than seven minutes will not be reviewed. Videos should be filmed in landscape 16:9 orientation with a minimum resolution of 720p and in MPEG-4, MP4 or MOV format. Videos shot in segments must be edited together into a single presentation. Continuous narration is not required, and Teams may also add voice-over or subtitles as necessary.
- b) The video must contain only real vehicle or parts of this vehicle, no virtual element will be accepted.

- c) The video must contain all the elements as outlined in the Virtual Technical Inspection Checklist for the vehicle type as shown in Appendix 2.
  - i. The checklist identifies specific points which must be highlighted in a Team's video. Teams can find full requirements for each checklist item detailed in its associated Article reference.
  - ii. Prior to presenting evidence for each checklist item, Teams must reference (either visually or verbally), the relevant checklist section that will next be presented. For example, if a Team is going to present on checklist items in Brakes Section, they must first visually/verbally signpost that the next section of the video concerns items in the Brakes Section.
  - iii. Teams must not drive their vehicle in the video.
- d) The video must be filmed in compliance with all relevant COVID-19 controls required at the shoot location at the time of filming. Participants in any video must demonstrate compliance with these controls at all times. Failure to follow the local COVID-19 rules could result in disqualification from the Competition. The Organisers have final say over the validity or acceptability of any video.

## ARTICLE 94: DOCUMENTATION

- a) The Team must provide documentation as described below.
- b) The documentation must be in PDF format, either A4 or US Letter page size, using a minimum font size of 10 points and limited to the number of pages as specified. In case of non-compliance the documentation will not be reviewed.
- c) All vehicle types:
  - i) Vehicle dimensions as per <u>Article 39</u> for Prototype and <u>Article 45</u> for Urban Concept, in one page.
  - ii) Braking system description, including diagram and drawing or picture, in a maximum of two pages.
  - iii) Vehicle level electrical schematic (all energy types). The electrical schematic must use standard automotive electrical symbols, in a maximum of two pages.
- d) ICE: Energy supply diagram in one page. If hybrid, add description in one additional page.
- e) Hydrogen: Energy supply diagram in one page, and fuel cell description in one additional page.
- f) Battery Electric: Energy supply diagram in one page, and purpose-built motor controller schematic and functional description in a maximum of two additional pages.

## ARTICLE 95: SCORING

- a) Scoring will consist of a numerical value.
- b) The numerical value, or scoring, for the virtual inspection is a summation of points gained for each individual check point item.
- c) Each check point can gain between 0 and 3 points as described below.
  - 0 Is not shown in the video or does not comply with the Chapter I Rules.
  - 1 Partially complies with the Chapter I Rules.
  - 2 Mostly complies with the Chapter I Rules
  - 3 Fully complies with the Chapter I Rules.

### SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

d) The Virtual Technical Inspection score will be calculated as follows: the sum of the points from each individual check divided by the total possible points that vehicle could achieve times 1000, rounded to the nearest full point. The score will be used for definition of prizes for the Virtual Technical Inspection participating Teams only, it is not part of the Virtual League.

Note 1: for example, if an ICE prototype received 110 points out of the total possible points of 123, the VTI Score rating would be  $894 [(110/123) \times 1000 = 894.3 \text{ or } 894 \text{ rounded to the nearest point}]$ 

Note 2: The total possible points will vary between energy types, vehicle options (i.e. lead acid battery or Li-Ion battery), and vehicle category (Prototype or Urban Concept).

# **6B – OFF-TRACK AWARDS**

Applications for the Off-Track Awards must be related to the Team's Shell Eco-marathon project. Previous award winners and second places cannot re-apply using the same project. Submission must be clearly different from previous winning applications. Applications must include only the Team identification number (ID) and the Team name on the cover. Do not include any personal information within the applications, for example, please do not include personal names or contact details.

Applications for all Off-Track Awards must be made in the English language.

For the Shell Eco-marathon Off-Track Awards, the required documents must be uploaded to the <u>Shell Eco-marathon registration website</u>. Please refer to the <u>Shell Eco-marathon website</u> for the applicable submission deadline.

By submitting an Off-Track Award entry, the Team agrees for the Organisers to publish their entry as deemed necessary to recognise the achievement and provide coaching to other Teams.

The following four categories of the Off-Track Awards, described in Articles 96, 97, 98 and 99, will be part of the Virtual League. The points and prizes for these awards are detailed in Articles 91 and 104, respectively.

- 1. Communications
- 2. Simulate to Innovate supported by Altair
- 3. Data and Telemetry supported by Schmid Elektronik
- 4. Carbon Footprint Reduction

The following three categories of the Off-Track Awards, described in Articles 100, 101 and 102, will be available at on-track events only. Prizes for these awards will be detailed in each event's Chapter II rules.

Teams applying for these awards may be visited by the judges during the event and are required to make a Team Member available to them at their request. The judges may ask further questions, wish to see evidence, or discuss the Team's submission in more detail.

- 1. Vehicle Design
- 2. Technical Innovation supported by Southwest Research Institute
- 3. Safety supported by DuPont

# ARTICLE 96: COMMUNICATIONS AWARD

a) Overview

Communications and promotional activity are crucial in driving interest in Shell Eco-marathon Teams and their project; and potentially in driving sponsorship opportunities. The winner of this award will be the Team that demonstrates the most impactful and successful integrated communications campaign - showing the efforts to promote their journey in Shell Eco-marathon in the 2022 season.

b) Objective

An integrated communications campaign, using different media channels and engagement activities, is integral for students to promote their Teams during a Shell Eco-marathon season. Participating Teams are required to create, run and evaluate a communications plan with various activities to show the Team's trajectory throughout the season.

When planning and implementing their communications, Teams are encouraged to use a wide range of media channels within their campaign from traditional media (press, radio and TV), to online (web sites, blogs) or social media (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, TikTok, YouTube, Tumblr, Vimeo, Weibo, WeChat, Youku, Zhihu, Bilibili, BBS etc.).

The winner will be judged on the quality and creativity of the content, the volume of activity as well as the impact (potential reach) of the campaign (e.g. impressions; unique visits to their web pages; video views; social media likes and shares; event attendance, etc.).

As we evaluate the Team's trajectory in Shell Eco-marathon, the application should indicate when the campaign is launched and run and should include planned activities after the submission deadline.

Remember that engaging with Shell Eco-marathon online and on social media channels can also be an important part of the campaign. Teams applying to the Communications Award are invited to join the regional Shell Eco-marathon Facebook groups, follow the Shell Eco-marathon accounts on Twitter and Instagram, tag/mention these accounts and use the #ShellEcoMarathon hashtag whenever possible.

Teams must note that the effectiveness of the communications campaign will be judged on activities related to Shell Eco-marathon only. This includes, for instance, the unveiling of your vehicle, press conferences, photos or videos of the Team and the car, behind-the-scenes and promotion of participation in virtual competitions, or any social media activity related to Shell Eco-marathon. Participation in other competitions without a clear reference to Shell Eco-marathon will not be taken into consideration.

c) How to participate

Participation in this competition is voluntary. Teams interested in applying to the Communications Off-Track Award must apply via the Shell Eco-marathon registration website. This application must consist of one document (.pdf format) with a maximum of 5 pages in total; images, screenshots, graphs, tables and drawings do not count towards the word count but must still respect the maximum number of pages. It should be a simple and straightforward report containing:

- i. Communications Plan: A short summary (no more than 500 words, using a minimum font size of 10 points) indicating the main idea, objectives, strategy and timeline of the communications campaign.
- ii. Impact Analysis: A summary report (no more than 500 words, using a minimum font size of 10 points) evaluating the success of the communications campaign compared with its objectives. Teams should also submit the main results (numbers) gathered throughout the campaign (e.g. event attendees, media impressions; video views; social media likes and shares; re-Tweets; etc.).
- iii. Campaign portfolio: Teams should collate and share all (or the best) examples of their campaign. This includes, for instance: press clips; event photos and footage; posters and brochures; creative infographics; websites links; social media channels (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, TikTok, YouTube,

Tumblr, Vimeo, Weibo, WeChat, Youku, Zhihu, Bilibili, BBS etc.); blog posts; screen shots of social media posts; links to video sharing platform, etc.

#### ARTICLE 97: SIMULATE TO INNOVATE AWARD SUPPORTED BY ALTAIR

a) Overview

This award recognises the use of system simulation and optimisation (as part of computer aided engineering - CAE) in vehicle design and is presented to Teams which demonstrate outstanding improvement in the design of any vehicle system or component that was achieved by using system simulation.

b) Objective

Teams will be required to explain their virtual approaches, the methods they applied and the benefits they targeted and finally achieved.

c) How to participate

Application for this award is voluntary. Teams interested in winning the Simulate to Innovate Award by Altair must submit a report in .pdf format which is not to exceed 2,000 words using a minimum font size of 10 points, and 10 pages; images, screenshots, graphs, tables and drawings do not count towards the word count but must still respect the maximum number of pages. Teams can also optionally submit a 1-minute video with animations of the 3D renderings to further support and illustrate the submission.

- i. The report must describe a system model of the overall vehicle main energy flow from the source (fuel tank or battery) to kinetic energy including major losses (drag, component efficiencies, etc.). The report should show the steps followed and results obtained from the software that was used.
- ii. The report must describe at least one closed loop control system including the control strategy. The control loop can include either an ancillary unit (e.g. cooling), the main drive train (e.g. traction control) or any other system.
- iii. Information and details must be provided in the report on how the simulation helped to improve the initial design. This includes the description of the initial as well as the improved design. Images or screenshots of 3D renderings should be used where beneficial to demonstrate how system simulation was used to verify performance in virtual tests.
- iv. The considered physical disciplines and the benefits they provided must be clearly described. If the Team decides on doing the optional task of parameter optimisation, then bonus points will be provided based on the benefit derived.

The award is neutral to any state-of-the-art software used for the virtual development.

Note: Altair will support Teams by providing free access to Altair software, virtual learning sessions and a dedicated active support forum. Teams can request sponsorship by filling out the sponsorship form on www.altairuniversity.com/sponsorship-competitions and for any questions please contact altairuniversity@altair.com.

Throughout the year, Teams will be invited to a few learning courses hosted by Altair providing further information and guidance on how to use Altair software and how to apply it on typical design challenges during a vehicle development process as well as Virtual Learning Sessions held in conjunction with Shell Eco-marathon. Further details will be shared in due course.

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2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

#### ARTICLE 98: DATA AND TELEMETRY AWARD SUPPORTED BY SCHMID ELEKTRONIK

a) Overview

This prize recognises the conceptual or actual design of intelligent information and knowledge processes from real-time or close to real-time vehicle and race data. This will lead to a competition that:

- follows a data-driven and digitised approach,
- innovates your race strategy and driving tactics, and
- improves your energy efficiency and track performance in the Mileage Challenge.

The award is open to both Prototype and Urban Concept Teams. The referenced vehicle data can be from the existing Shell telemetry system (as described in Section 5), from a Team's existing telemetry system or data from a fully conceptual telemetry system. Answers to the following five questions will be used in judging the submissions:

#### 1. Data Points:

How does your data strategy look like and what vehicle sensor data (e.g. vehicle speed, energy usage) and context data (e.g. track map) do you identify as relevant to support the above three goals?

#### 2. Information Processes:

What race related patterns, coefficients and control parameters do you extract from the data (1) and which information/knowledge processing (analysis, modelling, simulation, machine learning) do you use to achieve the appropriate control strategy that keeps the vehicle close to the optimum in the context of the given driving situation and subject to the abovementioned contest goals?

#### 3. Strategy Development:

What is your overall race strategy and how to you use the understanding, knowledge and insights from (2) to make it data-driven, smart and adaptive?

#### 4. Driver's Performance:

Which clues and/or previews will emerge from (3) and how to they support the driver's decision making, intelligent manoeuvres, specific driving situations and/or edge cases?

#### 5. Results Improvement:

Does your data-driven approach (1 - 4) reduce your energy consumption, increase your speed or even both? What will be the outcome, how much of an improvement in [%] do you expect and why? Please provide supporting analysis.

#### b) Objective

Teams must answer the five listed questions and explain how expected outcomes relate to an improvement of their energy efficiency, track and Team performance and benefit Shell Eco-marathon. Participants are encouraged to think outside the box and pursue also unconventional and disruptive ideas.

#### c) How to participate

Application for this award is voluntary. Teams wishing to participate must submit design documentation in pdf format. The report should consist of an executive summary and a technical description covering item 1-5. The design documentation must not exceed 1,500 words, using a minimum font size of 10 points, and 10 pages; images, screenshots, graphs, tables and drawings do not count towards the word count but must still respect the maximum number of pages.

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

## ARTICLE 99: CARBON FOOTPRINT REDUCTION AWARD

#### a) Overview

Being aware of the carbon footprint concept and developing strategies to reduce this footprint are important components that will become increasingly crucial in the path towards low-carbon transportation. The migration to low-carbon or carbon-neutral transportation will impact all aspects of how we develop the vehicles of the future. This award is presented to the Team which best describes the process to design the next generation Shell Eco-marathon vehicle to reduce vehicle carbon footprint while maintaining or improving mileage challenge performance.

#### b) Objective

Teams are required to research, understand, and develop design processes and strategies that result in carbon footprint reductions. A key part of the design strategy is associated with establishing the strategies for tradeoff analysis between carbon footprint reduction and mileage challenge vehicle performance. Comparative analysis using reference data is encouraged.

Teams are not required to determine an absolute numerical value (kg CO<sub>2</sub>) of their vehicle carbon footprint reduction that would result from the new design process. Depending on the available data, Teams may compare possible carbon footprint savings based on one or more sample trade-off analyses. Teams are encouraged to base the sample trade-off analysis on the carbon footprint of their existing vehicle or component.

- c) How to participate
  - i. Teams applying for this award must submit a document in pdf format, not to exceed 1,500 words, using a minimum font size of 10 points, and 8 pages. Any charts and tables or other supporting non-text material will not count in the overall word count but must still respect the maximum number of pages.
  - ii. The document should include a summary of the proposed carbon footprint reduction design process. Process flow graphics are encouraged. Examples of how trade-off analysis could be implemented as part of the process are encouraged but not required. Predictions of the total vehicle carbon footprint savings based on the new design approach are not required.
  - iii. Questions to consider while developing the award response:
  - What are the changes in design procedures that result in carbon reduction for next generation vehicle designs?
  - What methodologies would you use for tracking and keeping the carbon footprint at the lowest level in the new design?
  - What are the highest carbon footprint components of your vehicle that the new design process would need to focus on?
  - How would you design trade-off analysis activities as part of your process to achieve both better mileage challenge results and carbon footprint reduction?
  - iv. The application will not be evaluated on the absolute carbon footprint savings resulting from the design process. Instead, the Team's completeness of thought and characterisation of the innovative design process in achieving carbon footprint reduction and optimising vehicle performance will be considered.

# ARTICLE 100: VEHICLE DESIGN AWARD

a) Overview

This award recognises innovative design research and execution and will be awarded to the Team which presents the most original and coherent vehicle in terms of aesthetics, ergonomics, technical feasibility, choice of materials and circular economy thinking. Each of these five criteria will be considered in a final decision.

There will be one award for each vehicle category, Prototype and Urban Concept, if a minimum of five Teams are registered in each category for this award. If less than five Teams are registered in one or both categories, Prototype and Urban Concept will be grouped in a single award. To be eligible for the Vehicle Design Award, the winning Team must have at least one valid competition attempt, i.e. the Team must have a result on the score board.

Teams applying for this award may be visited by the judges during the event and are required to make a Team Member available to them at their request. The judges may ask further questions, wish to see evidence, or discuss the Team's submission in more detail.

b) Objective

Teams are required to describe their design approach, the basis for their research, factors which make this design special and issues and solutions encountered during the vehicle production process. Photographs, drawings and/or screenshots of 3D renderings must be included to illustrate the process.

c) How to participate

Application for this award is voluntary. Teams interested in the Vehicle Design Award must submit a report in .pdf format which does not exceed 1,500 words, using a minimum font size of 10 points, and 10 pages; images, screenshots, graphs, tables and drawings do not count towards the word count but must still respect the maximum number of pages. This document must contain as a minimum the following information:

- Description of the original design idea the Team wanted to develop and why;
- Seven images of the vehicle (photographs or drawings) which represent the car, such as:
  - 3/4 front perspective view
  - 3/4 rear perspective view
  - Direct Front view
  - Direct Rear view
  - Side view
  - Top view
  - Cockpit view
- A brief project timeline and overview of the Team structure and work allocation;
- When was this vehicle registered for the first time for Shell Eco-marathon?
- What are the new developments this year (if registered before)?
- Details about research and tests done to prove the vehicle's energy-efficiency;
- Details about vehicle safety and driver ergonomics aspects;
- Details about the materials used and how well they can be recycled;
- The weight of the car and details on how the Team managed weight reduction.

# ARTICLE 101: TECHNICAL INNOVATION AWARD SUPPORTED BY SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE

#### a) Overview

This award is presented to the Team which demonstrates outstanding technical ingenuity along with optimal use of new materials, components, methodology and inventions in their drive train, chassis, body, instrumentation or tyres. Teams should focus on one specific innovation in their submission.

To be eligible for the Technical Innovation Award, the Team must have at least one valid competition attempt, i.e. the Team must have a result on score board.

Teams applying for this award may be visited by the judges during the event and are required to make a Team Member available to them at their request. The judges may ask further questions, wish to see evidence, or discuss the Team's submission in more detail.

b) Objective

Teams will be required to explain their innovative concept, its features and its benefits, how it relates to the Shell Eco-marathon competition and the potential it has for 'real world' application. Submissions that provide in-depth information on a specific innovation are preferred over those that give a general overview of multiple innovations to the project vehicle.

Teams are strongly encouraged to consider all intellectual property developed in conjunction with the Shell Eco-marathon programme as valuable assets and seek professional advice about its protections through patents or trademarks before publishing.

c) How to participate

Application for this award is voluntary. Teams interested in the Technical Innovation Award must apply with a report in .pdf format which is not to exceed 1,500 words, using a minimum font size of 10 points, and 10 pages; images, screenshots, graphs, tables and drawings do not count towards the word count but must still respect the maximum number of pages. As part of the submission, Teams must include an Executive Summary at the beginning of the submission that answers the following questions, at minimum:

- Describe the specific innovation.
- What makes the innovation unique/novel?
- Is the concept relevant to real world applications? If so, how?

# ARTICLE 102: SAFETY AWARD SUPPORTED BY DUPONT

a) Overview

This award aims to highlight the importance of safety in the Shell Eco-marathon programme and encourages all participating Teams to actively implement safe practices in their daily activities. It challenges all Teams to review their ways of working including but not limited to training, management and inspection of tools and equipment, assessment and management of PPE requirement, and to review their procedures in order to identify areas where safety standards can be improved.

Teams applying for this award may be visited by the judges during the event and are required to make a Team Member available to them at their request. The judges may ask further questions, wish to see evidence, or discuss the Team's submission in more detail.

## SHELL ECO-MARATHON 2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

#### b) Objective

To be eligible for the award, the Team must demonstrate excellent understanding of safe design concepts and safe manufacturing processes. Furthermore, the Team must be able to demonstrate safe working practices as well as an overall proactive approach to their own and other people's safety in their home workshop and/or at live event – in paddocks and on the track. In their submission, the Team must also explain changes they have implemented to achieve higher standards of safety.

#### c) How to participate

Application for this award is voluntary. Teams interested in the Safety Award must submit a report in .pdf format which is not to exceed 1,500 words, using a minimum font size of 10 points, and 10 pages; images, screenshots, graphs, tables and drawings do not count towards the word count but must still respect the maximum number of pages.

# 7. AWARDS AND PRIZES

# ARTICLE 103: ON-TRACK AWARD OVERVIEW AND PRIZES

On-Track Awards and prizes for Off-Track Awards categories available only at physical events will be detailed in the Chapter II Rules for the respective event.

# ARTICLE 104: VIRTUAL LEAGUE AWARD OVERVIEW AND PRIZES

The winning Teams in the Virtual League will be determined by the total number of points accumulated throughout the Virtual Programme as defined in <u>Article 91</u>.

There will be no prize money for the Quiz; only Virtual League points will be awarded to the participating Teams in accordance with <u>Article 91</u>.

Virtual Off-Track Awards\* Virtual League Autonomous Programming **Future Rider** Pitch the Future (global) (global) (per region) (per challenge, per region) (per category, per region) 1<sup>st</sup> Place \$1,500 \$1,000 \$1,500 \$3,000 \$1,000 2<sup>nd</sup> Place \$750 \$2,000 \$1,000 \$750 \$750 3<sup>rd</sup> Place \$1,500 \$750 \$500 \$500 4<sup>th</sup> Place \$1,000 \$500 5<sup>th</sup> Place \$750 \$250 6<sup>th</sup> Place \$500 \$100 Global winner Addtl. \$500 Addtl. \$500

The prizes for the overall Virtual League and its component competitions are presented on the table below.

\*Please note that the Virtual Off-Track Awards prizes refer to the following four categories: Communications, Simulate to Innovate supported by Altair, Data and Telemetry supported by Schmid Elektronik, and Carbon Footprint Reduction. For the three categories offered only at on-track events, i.e. Vehicle Design, Technical Innovation supported by Southwest Research Institute and Safety supported by DuPont, please refer to the respective Chapter II Rules.

# 8. MISCELLANEOUS

# ARTICLE 105: PERSONAL DATA

Terms as set out in the <u>Shell Eco-marathon Privacy Notice</u> governs and covers the Organisers' processing of any personal data collected by the Organiser and/or shared by the Participant as part of the Competition and on the Shell Eco-marathon registration platform.

Any personal information processed by the Organiser is for the purpose of facilitating your participation in and association with the Competition.

## ARTICLE 106: PHOTOGRAPHY AND VIDEOGRAPHY RIGHTS

During the Competition, photographs and film will be made by, or on behalf of, the Organisers. Participants may be featured in these photographs and film. The usage and storage of these materials are governed by the terms set out <u>Article 1d</u>) in these Official Rules and in the Terms and Conditions for each competition component as signed by Participants.

# ARTICLE 107: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Any work performed in the Competition may result in the creation of valuable intellectual property. Teams are encouraged to consider all intellectual property created during the Shell Eco-marathon programme as valuable assets, and to seek professional advice for the protection of their intellectual property. Material uploaded will share your inventions and methods with the world, so you might be advised to make it clear that this is your intellectual property.

## ARTICLE 108: THIRD PARTY'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

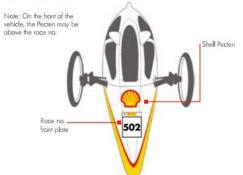
By entering, each Team warrants and represents that its vehicle and/or its design is original and does not infringe, defame or otherwise violate the rights and/or property of any third party; does not violate any laws or regulations; and does not utilise, use or infringe the property of any third party including the property and rights of another Team without express written permission to do so. Each Team further warrants that the possession, exploitation, use or distribution by that Team of any intellectual property including without limitation patents, copyrights, designs, trade or service marks, whether registered or not, shall not infringe or misappropriate the intellectual property right of any third party. Each Team shall indemnify the Organisers and its parent, affiliate and subsidiary companies against any costs, loss or damage suffered or incurred by the Organisers and its parent, affiliate and subsidiary companies as a result of any claim that the use by a Team thereof infringes the intellectual property right of any third party.

# APPENDIX 1: IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES URBAN CONCEPT PROTOTYPE

#### **FRONT View**

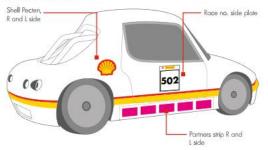


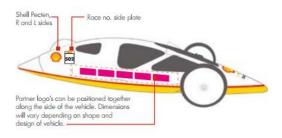
#### **FRONT View**



#### **SIDE View**

**SIDE View** 





| IDENTIFICATION    | POSITION  | FORMAT           | NUMBER | NOTES     |
|-------------------|---|------------------|--------|-----------|
| Shell Pecten      | <ul> <li>Right side</li> <li>Left side</li> <li>Front of vehicle</li> </ul> | 215mm x<br>200mm | 3      | Mandatory |
| Race number plate | <ul> <li>Right side</li> <li>Left side</li> <li>Front of vehicle</li> </ul> | 200mm x<br>260mm | 3      | Mandatory |
| Partner strip     | <ul><li>Right side</li><li>Left side</li></ul>                              | 770mm x<br>80mm  | 2      | Mandatory |
| Emergency sticker | On exterior position<br>of the shutdown<br>actuator                         | 120mm x<br>105mm | 2      | Mandatory |

2022 OFFICIAL RULES. CHAPTER I

# APPENDIX 2: VIRTUAL TECHNICAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

| PROTOTYPE |  |  |
|-----------|--|--|
| Article   |  |  |
| Station 1 | Driver's Control                             |  |
| 21        | Appropriate motorsports helmet (s)           |  |
| 22 a, c   | Racing suit (s) / Gloves                     |  |
| Station 2 | Vehicle dimensions                           |  |
| 94 c      | Uploaded Documentation                       |  |
| 39 a      | Height < 1000 mm                             |  |
| 39 e      | Width < 1300 mm                              |  |
| 39 f      | Length < 3500 mm                             |  |
| 39 b      | Track width > 500 mm                         |  |
| 39 d      | Wheelbase > 1000 mm                          |  |
| Station 3 | Seat Belts & Roll bar                        |  |
| 29 a-b    | Safety Belts ≥ 5 mounting points             |  |
| 29 c-d    | Safety Belts - chassis fixing                |  |
| 29 b      | Crotch strap under body                      |  |
| 26 a      | Crumple space-protect from front/side impact |  |
| 26 b      | Roll bar 50 mm > driver's head               |  |
| 26 с      | Roll bar width > shoulders                   |  |
| Station 4 | Brakes                                       |  |
| 94 c      | Uploaded documentation                       |  |
| 43 a      | 1 Hydraulic brake system 1 front & 1 rear    |  |
| 43 a      | 1 single hydraulic circuit per axle          |  |
| 43 a      | Foot operated front brake by single pedal    |  |
| 43 a      | Rear brake by single lever or pedal          |  |
| 43 a      | All wheels have brakes                       |  |
| 43 a      | Ergonomics (both hands on steering mech.)    |  |
| Station 5 | Not Used                                     |  |
| Station 6 | Exit   |  |
| 30        | Driver exit < 10 seconds                     |  |

| Station 7 | Mechanical Vehicle Design                          |
|-----------|--|
| 25 ј      | Fully closed body                                  |
| 25 a ii   | Front Crumple Zone ≥ 100 mm                        |
| 25 i      | Solid floor & frame                                |
| 27        | Bulkhead rigid & fire resistant                    |
| 27        | Bulkhead isolates energy/driver compartment        |
| 34 g      | Chain/belt guard                                   |
| 25 a i,   | Running wheels (Pr:3/4)                            |
|           | IF ICE (Y/N)                                       |
| 35 a,b    | Exhaust system evacuates outside                   |
| Station 8 | Electrical Vehicle Design                          |
| 94 c      | Uploaded documentation                             |
|           | Electrical System                                  |
| 57 e      | Elec system has proper fuse protection             |
|           | Battery  |
| 57 b      | Only one Battery, single physical package          |
| 57 a      | Max 48 V nominal (60 V Peak)                       |
| 57 с      | Batt mount firm, behind b/head, not under seat     |
|           | IF Lithium battery                                 |
| 57 d iv   | Capacity < 1000 Wh                                 |
|           | If Hybrid / H2 with energy store                   |
| 57 j      | Supercapacitor (SC) for energy storage             |
| 63 c      | External connectors                                |
| Station 9 | Energy Verification ICE                            |
| 94 d      | Uploaded documentation                             |
| 61 a c d  | Fuel Tank Position                                 |
| 60 b i    | Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg) |
| 61 g      | Translucent hoses                                  |
| 62 c      | Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         |
| 62 e      | Fuel injection only                                |
| 64 a      | Electric Starter                                   |
|           | Emergency Shutdown                                 |
| 37f       | Internal/External Estop Switch                     |

| Station 10 | Energy Verification H2                |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| 94 e       | Uploaded documentation                |
| 65 a iv    | Correct system design                 |
| 65 d       | Hydrogen sensor at highest point      |
| 65 c       | 2 ventilation holes 5 cm <sup>2</sup> |
|            | Emergency Shutdown                    |
| 37 f       | Internal/External Estop Switch        |
| Station 11 | Energy Verification BEV               |
| 94 f       | Uploaded documentation                |
|            | Li-Ion Battery System                 |
| 57 b       | Only two terminals                    |
| 57d i      | In-vehicle Battery Management System  |
|            | Motor/Controller System               |
| 67 a       | Purpose built motor controller        |
|            | Emergency Shutdown                    |
| 37 f       | Internal/External Estop Switch        |

| URBAN CONCEPT  |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Article  |   |  |  |
| Station 1  | Driver's Control                              |  |  |
| 21   | Appropriate motorsports helmet (s)            |  |  |
| 22 a, c  | Racing suit (s) / Gloves                      |  |  |
| Station 2  | Vehicle dimensions                            |  |  |
| 94c  | Uploaded documentation                        |  |  |
| 45 a   | Height 1000 - 1300 mm                         |  |  |
| 45 b   | Width 1200 - 1300 mm                          |  |  |
| 45 с   | Length 2200 - 3500 mm                         |  |  |
| 45 d   | Track width >1000 mm (front)                  |  |  |
| 45 d   | Track width > 800 mm (rear)                   |  |  |
| 45 e   | Wheelbase > 1200 mm                           |  |  |
| 46 d   | Two Doors - Min 500 x 800 mm                  |  |  |
| Station 3  | Seat Belts & Roll bar                         |  |  |
| 29 a-b   | Safety Belts ≥ 5 mounting points              |  |  |
| 29 c-d   | Safety Belts - chassis fixing                 |  |  |
| 29 b   | Crotch strap under body                       |  |  |
| 26 b   | Roll bar 50 mm > driver's head                |  |  |
| 26 с   | Roll bar width > shoulders                    |  |  |
| Station 4  | Brakes  |  |  |
| 94 c   | Brake documentation                           |  |  |
| 51 a   | 4-disc hydraulic brake                        |  |  |
| 51 c   | One dual master cylinder or 2 master cyls     |  |  |
| Station 5  | Visibility                                    |  |  |
| 27 a, 52 b c d   | Windscreen & wiper / Tint-driver must be seen |  |  |
| Station 6  | Exit  |  |  |
| 30   | Driver exit < 10 seconds                      |  |  |
| Station 7  | Mechanical Vehicle Design                     |  |  |
| 25 j   | Fully closed body                             |  |  |
| 25 i   | Solid floor & frame                           |  |  |
| 25 c, 46 i   | No external appendages or sharp edges         |  |  |
| 46 b   | Wheel covers integral with body               |  |  |
| 30 c     Internal/ext'l opening mech effective/intuitive |   |  |  |
| 27   | Bulkhead rigid & fire resistant               |  |  |
| 27 Bulkhead isolates energy/driver compartment           |   |  |  |
| 34 g   | Chain/belt guard                              |  |  |
| 25 a iii   | Running wheels (UC: 4)                        |  |  |
| 46 h   | Luggage compartment (and luggage)             |  |  |
| 46 j   | Towing hook or ring                           |  |  |
| 50 b   | 2 front turn indicators                       |  |  |

| 50 a  | 2 front headlights  |  |
|---|---|--|
| 50 с  | 2 rear turn indicators  |  |
| 50 d  | 2 red rear brake light  |  |
| 50 e  | 2 red rear lights   |  |
| 50 h  | Hazard Lights   |  |
|   | IFICE (Y/N)   |  |
| 35 a,b  | Exhaust system evacuates outside  |  |
| Station 8   | Electrical Vehicle Design   |  |
| 94 c  | Uploaded documentation  |  |
|   | Electrical System   |  |
| 57 e  | Elec system has proper fuse protection  |  |
|   | Battery   |  |
| 57 b  | Only one Battery, single physical package   |  |
| 57 a  | Max 48 V nominal (60 V Peak)  |  |
| 57 с  | Batt mount firm, behind b/head, not under seat  |  |
|   | IF Lithium battery  |  |
| 57 d iv   | Capacity < 1000 Wh  |  |
|   | If Hybrid / H2 with energy store  |  |
| 57 ј  | Supercapacitor (SC) for energy storage  |  |
| 63 c  | External connectors   |  |
| Station 9   | Energy Verification ICE   |  |
|   |   |  |
| 94 d  | Uploaded documentation  |  |
|   |   |  |
| 94 d  | Uploaded documentation  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d  | Uploaded documentation<br>Fuel Tank Position  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i  | Uploaded documentation<br>Fuel Tank Position<br>Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g  | Uploaded documentation<br>Fuel Tank Position<br>Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)<br>Translucent hoses   |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c  | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)   |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e  | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only   |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e  | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a  | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown   |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f  | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b>   | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2   |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b><br>94 e   | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2         Uploaded documentation  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b><br>94 e<br>65 a iv  | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2         Uploaded documentation         Correct system design  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b><br>94 e<br>65 a iv<br>65 d                                      | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2         Uploaded documentation         Correct system design         Hydrogen sensor at highest point   |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b><br>94 e<br>65 a iv<br>65 d                                      | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2         Uploaded documentation         Correct system design         Hydrogen sensor at highest point         2 ventilation holes 5 cm <sup>2</sup>   |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b><br>94 e<br>65 a iv<br>65 d<br>65 c                              | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2         Uploaded documentation         Correct system design         Hydrogen sensor at highest point         2 ventilation holes 5 cm <sup>2</sup> Emergency Shutdown  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b><br>94 e<br>65 a iv<br>65 d<br>65 c<br>37 f                      | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal /External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2         Uploaded documentation         Correct system design         Hydrogen sensor at highest point         2 ventilation holes 5 cm <sup>2</sup> Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch  |  |
| 94 d<br>61 a c d<br>60 b i<br>61 g<br>62 c<br>62 e<br>64 a<br>37 f<br><b>Station 10</b><br>94 e<br>65 a iv<br>65 d<br>65 c<br>37 f<br><b>Station 11</b> | Uploaded documentation         Fuel Tank Position         Safety valve location (between air bottle and reg)         Translucent hoses         Nothing in the fuel line (no filters, etc)         Fuel injection only         Electric Starter         Emergency Shutdown         Internal / External Estop Switch         Energy Verification H2         Uploaded documentation         Correct system design         Hydrogen sensor at highest point         2 ventilation holes 5 cm <sup>2</sup> Emergency Shutdown         Internal/External Estop Switch |  |

| 57 d i | n-vehicle Battery Management System |  |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--|
|        | Motor/Controller System             |  |
| 67 a   | Purpose built motor controller      |  |
|        | Emergency Shutdown                  |  |
| 37 f   | Internal/External Estop Switch      |  |